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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE RAILROAR HORROR.

Full Particulars of the Accident on the Lake Shore Road.

Forty Persons Roasted Alive.

Description by an Eye Witness.

How the Accident Occurred.

A Terrible Scene.

The telegraph on Wednesday night gave us meagre particulars of a terrible accident on the Lake Shore Railroad, which occurred on that day near a place called Angola, twenty-one miles from Buffalo, the train from the West, due at Buffalo at 1:30, running off the track at that point. We have the following additional particulars:

The train was the New York Express, from Cleveland. It was detained two hours, by a broken bridge on the Cleveland and Toledo road, and was composed of three first-class coaches filled with passengers, a smoking car and two baggage cars, under the conductorship of Mr. B. Frank Sherman, of Buffalo. Silver Creek was the last station stopped at prior to the accident, and Angola was passed about three o'clock, the train going, as it is stated, at a speed of about twenty miles an hour from Angola to the bridge over Big Sister creek. However, the road is a down grade, and it is possible that the train was going at a greater speed than the above when the casualty occurred. Be that as it may, everything was apparently all right when the bridge was reached; and when the train had crossed half way over, a fearful jerk was experienced by those on board, and the car in the rear—the rear coach was detached, and went plunging off the bridge and down the abyss to the ice—a distance of some thirty or forty feet. The alarm bell was at once applied, but before the train could be stopped, the coupling of the second coach had become broken, and it, too, got off the track and down the embankment. So suddenly had all this happened, that not one of the inmates of either of the two coaches had time to make his escape, and without a moment's warning some forty or fifty persons were hurried into the presence of their Maker The scene which was presented to the eyes of the inmates of the rear car, when the train was stopped, was a fearful one. The car which first went over the precipice took fire instantly, and before the passengers could get to it, the flames made such rapid headway that in a few moments it was all ablaze. Those persons on the spot proceeded at once to the rescue, but none there could, but only some four or five persons were saved from the burning car. The remainder, some forty or fifty in number, and all dead, were consumed with the car. While that portion of the passengers who had escaped injury gave their attention to the burning car, the others attended to the other, which had also taken fire. Fortunately the flames in the latter instance were extinguished before they had made much headway, and the sufferers, possible injured, dead and dying were taken from the car, and with the few rescued from the burning coach were conveyed to residences in the vicinity. How many perished in the burning car it is impossible as yet to say, and very probably will not be known for some time. The place where the fearful disaster, after being precipitated off the bridge, was difficult of access. After rescuing the half dozen or so of persons before the flames had made their headway, no attempt was made Wednesday night to disturb the remains of those who perished in the burning car. That was attended to this morning.

THE DEAD AND WOUNDED.

Following are the names of the dead and wounded, so far as known:

Killed.—Joseph Fuller and wife, Spartansburg, Pa.; Mr. Graves, W. H. Ross, North East, Pa.; Mr. Hall, Cleveland; Mr. Patent agent; Mrs. W. Freeman, Norwich, Delaware; Mrs. Mary Shedden and child, Corfu, New York; J. B. Haywood, North East, Pa.; Frank Wetherwood, North East, Pa.; Mrs. Walker and child, Fulton Walker, Buffalo; two men, names unknown; Mr. John N. Strong, Buffalo; Mr. Hubbard, St. Catherines.

Wounded.—An unknown woman badly injured; Mrs. Christiana Long, of Minnesota, injured about the head and body; W. C. Patterson, of Corfu, badly injured, cannot recover; Mrs. Fisher, of Minnesota, badly injured and insensible; Chas. P. Wood, of Buffalo, seriously injured; R. M. Bussell, of Corfu, Tennessee, badly in the back, and also inwardly; Mrs. Mary Sheldon, of Corfu, badly injured; H. E. Fisher, of Minnesota, in dangerous condition; Mrs. Fisher, wife, of Iowa, seriously injured in back and head; Mary E. Sayles and Maria Sayles, both of Corfu, both seriously injured, but not dangerously; Henry Jackson, of Illinois, badly; Miss L. M. Babcock, of Syracuse, N. Y., bruised, but not dangerously; a middle aged man, unknown, dying; Robt. Steward and wife, of Oneida county, N. Y., slightly injured; W. H. Moore, of Iowa, badly bruised on head and body; Robt. Reisberg, of Albion, seriously injured; Mrs. T. Hamlin, of Buffalo, slightly injured; Eugene Howard, of Buffalo, slightly.

A few others were in other houses in the neighborhood, injured, but the number was not great—probably eight or ten in all.

The following persons were taken to Bt. fialo, all slightly injured: C. W. Lane, Cresco, head and side; Rudolph Lane, Cresco, Iowa, head; Garret Hurdle, Corry, Pa., head and internally; Michael Copeland, Minneapolis, Minn., head; W. F. Gregory, Syracuse; chest; Isadore Mayer, New York, agent of Madame Ristori, head and back; H. Thomas, Rochester, leg broken; R. C. Morris, New London, Conn., head and back; M. McCarthy, Lowell, head and side; W. L. Baker, New York, head and body; Mrs. Pelton, New York, head and body; Mrs. A. Tynerson, Kenosha, Wisconsin, badly cut about the head; W. H. Teller, Utica, head and body.

In addition to the above, the following received slight injuries: R. M. Russell, Franklin, Tenn.; J. Brown, Buffalo; J. Cuyer, New York; J. C. Krild, Salem, Mass.; Mrs. J. H. Thomas, Kenosha, Wis.; Mary Moore, Brooklyn; Daniel Carr, Brooklyn.

Among those on the train were Stephen Stewart, of Corry, Pa., President of the Oil Creek Railroad, who is missing; George Blakeslee, of Buffalo, expected on the train, has not been heard from, and fears are entertained for his safety. Frank Sherman, conductor of the train, was injured in the shoulder and in the head. The list below shows the hotels in Buffalo to which the few seriously injured who arrived Wednesday evening were consigned, and the nature of their wounds:

National Hotel—Richard C. Morris, New London, Conn., slight cut on the forehead and contused back; Mrs. John M. Tynerson, Kenosha, Wis.; slight contusion on left temple; John C. Cripp, Salem, Pa., slightly contused on the back of the head; James Welsh, Buffalo, scratch wounds and cut on the wrist; William H. Feller, Utica, slight wounds on the head and two on the left arm; F. Gregory, Shenendady, N. Y., injuries not known; Mrs. Perkins, Canada, injuries not known.

Tifft House—Mr. and Mrs. R.G. Stewart, Oneida, slightly injured; W. T. Pelton, New York, bruised.

Mansion House—L. L. Lombard, New York, bruised on the head and chest.

CAUSE OF THE ACCIDENT.

An examination of the track showed that the disaster could not have been occasioned by omit, and must have been from a defective wheel or axle. The real cause will probably never be ascertained.

ADDITIONAL PARTICULARS.

A dispatch from Buffalo states great depression is felt all over the fearful calamity. E. E. Ferburt, of Buffalo, was a patent agent, and was just returning from Cincinnati after a successful suit. Frank Walker, a young civil engineer, killed, was the son of Julius Walker, jeweler, of Buffalo. Joseph Lewis, a recent graduate of Williams College, was also killed. Francis M. Scale and Robert Dickson, of Buffalo, were both slightly injured. At the United States Hotel are Richard Reed, Sinclairville, New York, injured severely on the spine and side, and will probably recover; L. C. Chase, of Arkwright, New York, severely hurt.

At ten thirty Thursday forenoon a train arrived at Buffalo from the scene of the disaster, bringing fourteen coffins containing fifteen bodies—one a mother and child; also seven boxes containing the remains of about twenty-four or twenty-five persons.

In the car that was consumed were seats for forty-eight persons, all filled, and a number standing; probably not less than fifty persons in all, of which only three are known to have escaped.

There are a few more that may be recognized, but the most of those in the consumed car were burnt to ashes. The screams of those inside could be heard for over fifteen minutes.

FROM AN EYE-WITNESS.

From the Erie *Dispatch* we obtain the following additional particulars:

The train passed Angola station on a speed of twenty-five miles an hour, and upon leaving the "frog" which connected the double tracks at the station, the last truck of the last car jumped the rails and bounded along on the ties. The signal bell was sounded, but the train was on a down grade, with snow on the rails, and before any perceptible effect could be produced upon its speed it had reached the centre of a high embankment located a few rods east of the station, and the last car was running wild over the embankment and bridge. Within ten seconds of the time when the entire train might have gotten entirely over the bridge and embankments, this last car swung around so as to leave the road bed entirely, and at the most precipitous point of the embankment went over, on a steep slope, into a gulf forty feet below. The action of this car caused the one ahead of it to leave the track and rush madly down the opposite side of the embankment, a few rods further along, at least twenty-five feet below the road bed.

Now comes the horror of the scene. These two cars having parted with the train, which could not be stopped until some distance had been made, the last one of the train, and the first to leave the track, went over on its end with a force which caused every passenger, the stoves and all the seats of the car, to sink like a dead weight in the lowered end. It rested in complete somersault, and stopped on its side near the bottom of the precipice, forty feet below the track. The other car rolled down and rested on its side. The signal of "down brake" had attracted the attention of the people at the station, but none of them were able to reach the scene soon enough to render efficient assistance. We gather from what we soon afterwards saw and from the lips of those who were first present, the following particulars of

THE SCENE.

The last car of the train had no more than stopped its somersaults before it was on fire. The nature of the embankment, together with the force with the steep declivity, would not admit of immediate assistance, even though hundreds of people had been at hand, for no one could get down the bank hurriedly without fear of death. The men who were first at the scene managed to reach the car by going down, one holding upon the other, thus forming a line from the track to the car. But they were too LATE. The men, women, and children in the car had been so severely injured by the fall and fright that they were alarmed and helpless, and before the feeble assistance which was hastily organized reached them, the car was on fire, developed in the flames their rescue was impossible. The scene at this time cannot be described. The voices of men directed to heaven for help, the shrieks and prayers of women asking for assistance, and the wailing of children, was the most soul-piercing and agonizing sounds which ever reached mortal ear. The flames were gaining rapidly, and arms were protruded through the shattered windows, heads were extended, and the cry for help was intensified by the increase of heat, of pain, of agony, and the certain prospect of destruction. The reader must picture this scene, we cannot describe it, our ears will never lose the sound of the plaintive wails, the beseeching for help, the hear:-rending shrieks, the fiery scene and the last, last look. The few men who could, who were not struck dumb, worked manfully. They succeeded in taking out three persons, who were removed elsewhere to die, but they could not subdue the flames which were roasting their fellow beings alive. They could not answer the prayers of the agonized victims for Death. They could do nothing but look at them roast, listen to them shriek, sicken at the sight, and pray God to deliver these from a scene too horrible. Soon the odor of burning flesh, human flesh, arose upon the air, it seemed as though the spot had turned into a very hell, and when smoke came from the burning mass of smoke, hands were held aloft through the grim atmosphere, the world and flesh seemed a mockery and worm in reality. Through this horrible scene by saying that from the last information we could obtain, but five out of forty of the passengers in this car escaped. The rest—fully forty—were burned alive.

Meanwhile the other car was more fortunate. It did not take fire. The first man out of it was the conductor of the train, who was severely injured. others came out, and when assistance arrived many were found injured unto death. It was soon cleared of its wounded men and women in this house, who appeared to be dying. A little distance of them were as badly injured. All that could be done by the assistance at hand was done with a will, but there were no physicians, no stretchers, nothing to afford anything like what the nature of the case demanded.

STRANGE PRESENTIMENTS.

The strangest part of the accident is that it should occur at this particular place and in such manner as to cause the greatest destruction of life. If the train had run ten seconds longer before the cars had left the track they would have rolled over a nearly level ground without probably doing much damage. Or if they had left the track ten seconds sooner the disaster could not have been as great. The cars leaped the precipice at its highest point, and the one which took fire was on the side the least accessible.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Assassination of Lincoln.

North Carolina Freedmen.

The President and Stanton.

New Orleans Riots.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 19, 1867.

LINCOLN'S ASSASSINATION.

The President sent to the House this afternoon a communication from the State Department, relative to the visit of one George H. Sharpe to Europe, under orders of that Department, to ascertain whether any citizen of the United States in that quarter, other than those hitherto suspected, is charged with having been concerned in the assassination of President Lincoln and the attempted assassination of the Secretary of State. Mr. Sharpe's visit seems to have been for the purpose of identifying persons connected with Surratt, and ascertain whether the latter had dealings with any rebels either in England or on the Continent, while on his way to the Papal States. He accompanied at the British Foreign Office that on the 13th of October, 1865, Surratt obtained a passport through the influence of leading rebel sympathizers in England to visit the Papal States. Mr. Sharpe then proceeded to Rome, where he had been informed Surratt had left many important papers. He found nothing but Surratt's passport, which it seems had been obtained from the provincial Government of Canada, and had also received the visés of the United States Consul General there. After detailing his researches at length, Mr. Sharpe closes by saying that in his opinion no legal or reasonable proof existed of the participation of any persons in Europe, who were former citizens of the United States, such as to call for the action of this Government.

FREEDMEN IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Mr. Miles, the Freedmen's Bureau Commissioner for North Carolina, has written a strong letter to Gen. Howard, urging that the Bureau must not be discontinued until reconstruction is fully accomplished. He says, in his judgment, at no period since the close of the war has the Bureau been of greater advantage than now. A very large proportion of white voters in the State, at the late election, either voted against the Constitution or wilfully remained away so that their absence might obstruct the work of Reconstruction. At present there is a strong political force organizing and canvassing for the sole purpose of voting down any Constitution the Convention may adopt, thus defeating the reconstruction acts. This opposition is controlled and led by men who have been actively antagonistic to the U. S. government for years, and spared no efforts to effect their object. If they are successful in the design, it is possible they may be in the condition of the black, which would be horrible. He argues that the civil courts are, as a general rule, in the hands of men who are opposed to reconstruction. The report of the disenfranchisance of the Bureau created a feeling of alarm and sorrow among the colored people and their Union friends, while great joy is manifested by rebel enemies and the enemies of the government.

MINISTER TO ECUADOR.

It is said the President has tendered the nomination of Minister resident to Ecuador to Hon. Thomas H. Ford, of Ohio.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

Gen. Hancock and Wife Will Be Shot.—The Secret Order and the New Orleans Riots.—The Dent Letter.—The Private Letter to the President.—Mr Sherman's Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. c. 17, 1867.

There is already evidence that General Hancock will find it exceedingly difficult if not impossible to do the bidding of his would-be masters in New Orleans. From private letters received from that city by a distinguished member of Congress, which your correspondent has been permitted to read, it appears that special means have been used by the rebels there to appropriate the General. It is also well understood that he went there anxious to please the President, if he could do it and at the same time retain his self-respect. Counting upon this anxiety—or perhaps willingness is the better word—it was doubtless believed by the crafty rebels that he would easily fall into their toils. Between the hours of 11 and 12 twelve of his first evening in the city he had one hundred and twelve calls from leading and influential disloyal persons. On his first appearance in public he was greeted with storms of applause and the rebels seem even now to count upon him as a possession with title undisputed This opinion seems to be shared to a great extent, too, by the Republican press Both may be true. Yet there is good ground to hope that Gen. Hancock, like his predecessors, will soon find there is but one path for the true soldier to pursue.

This rush upon him by the resident rebels was not made solely or principally out of courtesy. They recommended him to remove a large number of present officials and appoint in their places men who had been active in the "Confederacy," assuring him that the test oath could be *managed*. Then he saw at once the animus of those men. He told them he would not hurry in the matter; that he would take his own time, *but would appoint no questionable men under any circumstances*. May we not hope that the President may even yet be disappointed in the services of his Lieutenant. Gen. Sheridan and Gen. Mower also went there with all the susceptibilities and feelings of the regular army. They had no motive and no desire to do anything but their duty. Yet they were, as it were, driven by the energy, the desperation of the hot and fiery spirits which rule in that community, to plant themselves where we have seen them finally standing, and it looks as if Gen. Hancock will be pushed into the same position.

But another matter usurps public attention here now, and that is the matter of

THE SECRETARY OF WAR AND THE NEW ORLEANS RIOTS.

You have before this published in your columns the special plea on the case of Johnson vs. the Secretary of War, Hon. E. M. Stanton. That portion of it wherein the President speaks of his wounded dignity—of that high position which this iconoclast Stanton regards so little—is rather amusing—coming from a man who was inaugurated Vice President under so peculiar circumstances, and afterwards "swung round the circle" and made speeches! One might think Mr. Stanton excusable for not finding a very large *reservoir* of dignity left in said executive to bow down before. And secondly, as to Mr Stanton's being opposed to the enactment of the *Tenure of Office* bill—that is surely in proof that he didn't anticipate being in a position to take advantage of it. But after it is enacted, is it against Mr. Johnson that he claims his rights under it?

Those two charges in the President's message are therefore merely spiteful and will carry just as much weight as each reader may choose to give them in his *own* mind, and no more. The *malignant* and *wicked* "gaunt" against your former fellow-citizen is another matter, however, in the dreadful intimation (the President does not openly allege it) that had Mr. Stanton called his (the President's) attention to General Baird's disposition to have him "Mr. Stanton" on the 28th of July, then "the riot would have been averted." This dispatch was in the following words:

NEW ORLEANS, July 28, 1866.

To Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

A Convention has been called, with the sanction of Governor Wells, to meet here on Monday. The Lieutenant Governor and city authorities think it unlawful, and propose to break it up by arresting the delegates. I have given no orders in the subject, but have warned the police that I could not countenance or permit such action without instructions to that effect from the President. Please instruct me at once by telegraph.

A. BAIRD,
Major General.

That is the telegram. Now, why did not Mr. Stanton answer it? He *has* hinted, in a letter to the Investigation Committee, dated January 31, 1867, answered the question. Thus:

On the forenoon of Sunday, the 29th of July last, I received at my residence in this city (Washington) a telegram from General Baird—(given above). This telegram *was the first intimation to me* that a Convention was to be held at New Orleans, or that there was any difference or controversy on the subject of a Convention or assemblage to be held there. From General Baird's telegram it appeared that the Convention was to meet with the sanction of the Governor of Louisiana; that its legality was questioned by persons who proposed to break it up by arresting the members, and that General Baird had warned the city authorities that he would not permit this to be done without instructions from the President, and he applied to me for instructions. There was no intimation in the telegram that force or violence was threatened by those opposed to the Convention, or that it was apprehended by General Baird. Upon consideration it appeared to me that his warning to the city authorities was all that the case then required, for I saw no reason to instruct him to withdraw protection from a Convention sanctioned by the Governor, and in the event of any attempt at arrest, General Baird's interference would bring up the case with all the facts for such instructions as might be proper, and in the meantime under his general authority he would take measures to maintain the peace within his command. On Tuesday, the 31st of July, the morning papers contained telegraphic dispatches in respect to the occurrences at New Orleans and *on the same day I was informed* of the communications that had passed between the President and Gov. Wells, Lt. Gov. Voorhees and Attorney General Herron.

Here, then, is a full and direct answer to the evil intimations which from time to time have been thrown out against Mr. Stanton in connection with this order, and which now have been brought to a point over the signature of Andrew Johnson. But now, in the interest of justice and fair dealing, let us look at the case for a few moments. The telegram was sent to Gen. Baird *by the adjutant general to Mr. Stanton*, reaches him at his residence on Sunday. A convention is to be held with the sanction of a loyal Governor and members of the Legislature;

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 20, 1867.

THE Conservative and Independent newspapers that started out valiantly in the movement to make General Grant President, are not so zealous in his behalf as they were. That letter of his to President Johnson, with other significant disclosures of his real sentiments, have cooled their ardor amazingly. We shall not be surprised if they all haul off, in the course of a few weeks, and run in a totally different direction.

WE call attention to official notice, given in our advertising columns, that the loans contracted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and falling due on the first day of July next, will be paid on presentation at the Farmers' and Mechanics' National Bank of Philadelphia, and that the interest on said loans will cease at maturity. These loans, in the aggregate, amount to the sum of one million nine hundred thousand dollars. It is a matter of congratulation for citizens, and of credit to all connected with the management of the financial concerns of the Commonwealth, that the payment of this large sum can be anticipated.

THE NAILERS' UNION, which embraces all the workmen in this portion of Pennsylvania, and the contiguous portions of Ohio and West Virginia, held a Convention in this city, recently, at which it was agreed to accept the scale of prices offered by the mill owners, to take effect on and after the 23d day of the present month. The reduction accepted, amounts to sixteen and two-thirds per cent. on the old scale. This was liberally and judiciously done on the part of the workmen, and the hope is now indulged that all the nail mills will resume business immediately after the holidays. Not more than three or four of them are now in operation.

THE HOUSE passed Mr. Stevens's bill repealing so much of the Reconstruction Act as requires a majority of all the voters registered in a particular State to participate in an election in order to its validity. A bill of the same import is before the Senate, having been introduced by Mr. Drake, of Missouri. There is no doubt that one of these bills will speedily become a law.

The principle is correct, and is in operation in all the States—the rule being that a majority of the votes cast shall prevail. How this alteration of the Reconstruction Act will affect general results, it is not necessary to inquire. The new rule is the one that ought to have been adopted in the first instance, as being in consistency with uniform practice in the loyal States.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION OF MANUFACTURERS, held in Cleveland, for the purpose of memorializing Congress for the reduction or taking off the burdensome tax which is now imposed on home productions, except luxuries, adjourned yesterday. The Convention was a decided success from every point in which it may be viewed. The attendance was large, delegates being present from nearly all important manufacturing points of the country, representing many millions of capital invested in a multitude of interests. The assembling of such an important body has seldom been witnessed in America, and we do not see how Congress can refuse to enter into a rigid examination of the subject matter of complaint set forth in the resolutions, or fail to pay all proper attention to the memorial which was unanimously adopted by the Convention and forwarded.

BY MEANS of the telegraph the Democrats are laboring to produce the impression that a war of races is imminent at the South, if not in actual progress. It will be well to put little confidence in any of these multitudinous reports until confirmed by the Commanders of Military Districts or other competent authority.

Doubtless, some of the blacks—perhaps, not a few—commit crimes. Judging from what we see and hear, the blacks do not monopolize breaches of the criminal laws. Even at the North, the columns of the newspapers are filled with accounts of all manner of crimes committed by white people upon each other. It may well be doubted, if the blacks are doing any worse in the Southern States. Possibly they exercise a freedom in law breaking which they did not when held in the grasp of Slavery. But, the inference is inevitable that if the personal freedom of many whites was abridged they would do less mischief than they now contrive to perpetrate. Liberty, whether for one race or another, must be taken with its disadvantages.

THE LAST RAILWAY HORROR.

The slaughter at Angola, of which we give the full particulars this morning, was one of the most frightful catastrophes that has occurred in this country since the introduction of railways. Why it happened, is not explained, and perhaps never may be; but the public will be satisfied with nothing short of a most thorough scrutiny, with the view to bringing delinquents, if such there are, to a rigid account.

The state of the weather made unusual caution obligatory on the part of those charged with the management of the train—the intense cold rendering rails, wheels and axles specially liable to break. It is conceded that the train was behind time. One averment is that it was moving at perilous speed, for the purpose of making connection at Buffalo. Another averment is that the speed was not greater than twenty miles an hour, which cannot be regarded as censurable; but, at the same time, the admission is dropped that the train was on a descending grade, and that the speed might have been higher than the officers supposed.

An examination of the track shows there was no breakage or displacement of the rails. The inference from this is that a wheel or axle must have broken, and precipitated the coaches from the track.

It is possible this horror was purely accidental, or that the cause of it is so obscure it cannot be revealed. If it was occasioned by improper speed, or if a reasonable probability exists that it was, the facts should be verified, and proceedings be taken accordingly. It is certainly desirable that railway trains should make expected connections; but it is much more important to ensure the safety of passengers against all ordinary contingencies.

The loss of life resulted mainly if not entirely from one of the cars taking fire in consequence of the upsetting of the stoves. The statement is made that the passengers could not open the doors of the overturned cars, and so effect egress; and the inference is deduced from this circumstance that the doors were locked. This does not necessarily follow. When a car is twisted out of its proper position, as it can hardly fail to be in rolling down an embankment and resting on an uneven surface, it naturally follows that neither doors nor window can be opened. Still, as distressed calamities have resulted from locking the doors of cars, this point ought to be fully investigated.

The suggestion is made that heating passenger coaches by steam from the engine in use, is practicable, though not as convenient or inexpensive as to do it by stoves. We doubt if this suggestion has merit. But the fact that through the employment of stoves passengers are liable, in case of upset, to be burned to death, should stimulate inquiry as to means of precaution.

It is doubtless true that any given number of persons are transported by railway, with a less amount of casualties than by any of the methods previously used. But this consideration is not to the purposes in this connection. Passengers are not simply entitled to be carried as safely as they were before the introduction of steam, but to be carried as securely as the nature of the case admits.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A WEEK ON THE CONCORD AND MERRIMACK RIVERS. By Henry D. Thoreau. Boston: Ticknor & Fields. Pittsburgh: Davis Clarke & Co.

Mr. Thoreau was one of the most original thinkers this country has produced. He commanded, moreover, a clear, vigorous and elegant style of conveying his thoughts, having few equals in the purity and strength of his writings. Notwithstanding these accomplishments, he was a complete heathen; that is, he despised man and his works, delighting in the depths of primeval forests, in the grandeur of mountains, in the rippling of streams of waters, in the deep harmonies of ocean, in the beauty of flowers, in the song of birds, in all the manifestations of Nature. Village life, and, much more, city life, were hateful to him. He saw nothing in the refinements of civilization, but departures from the simplicity for which man was intended, and he held himself utterly aloof therefrom. But with Nature, in all her ways, he was familiar. He heard voices and distinguished melodies with which coarser souls never became acquainted. No lover was more intensely enamored of a mistress, than he of the material world in all the wildness and majesty of its original condition. Perhaps it stood to him instead of God, for pantheistic conceptions seem constantly to have possessed him. This may have resulted more from the delicacy of his organization which enabled him to find more in Nature than his fellow mortals found there, and thus to came into closer sympathy with its ongoings.

This volume was first published some years ago, and attracted marked attention from the subtler and more cultivated intellects of this country and of Europe. It is permeated throughout with Mr. Thoreau's mental and spiritual peculiarities. Whatever else it may do for the reader, it will, if he yields himself to its seductions, get him very near to Nature, so that he may feel the minute pulsations of its heart. In this respect he differs from Ruskin, who has taught even highly gifted persons how to look at the material world, so as to be lifted up to the hights of its majesty. Thoreau instructs the heart rather than the eyes.

The present edition has been revised, though we doubt if it has been improved by the process.

OBSTETRIC CLINIC: A Practical Contribution to the study of Obstetrics, and the Diseases of Women and Children. By George T. Elliott, Jr., A. M. M. D. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke and Co.

This is one of the most profound and exhaustive additions recently made to the medical literature of this country. For over fourteen years its author was Professor of Obstetrics in Bellvue Hospital, near New York, and he has also been connected in some official capacity with almost every other institution in that city or vicinity receiving female patients for treatment. In the practical study of all those diseases which afflict women in the most critical periods of their lives, and of the principles which constitute the science of Obstetrics, he has had uncommon opportunities. He gives illustrative cases, under various heads, the peculiar features of each being minutely noted, with the theories proved or disproved. His observations upon albuminura, or Bright's disease of the kidneye—so named from the physician who first explored this complaint with thoroughness—reveal a remarkable depth of research and a full comprehension of the subject. A capter on Kyestene is introduced, being an enlargement and reproduction of an essay which excided considerable discussion among medical men at the time of its original appearance.

There are no studies which demand severer application and care on the part of physicians and surgeons, or which more nearly effect the issues of life and death, than those here discussed. Dr. Elliott has approached them conscientiously, and treated them with ability. His peculiar experience put him in possession of much information which will be new to even many well educated practitioners who had less extensive facilities. His style is clear and forcible, without that pedantry which often makes professional books altogether unintelligible, except to the initiated, if not, indeed, also to them.

EVIDENCES OF CHRISTIANITY IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. By Albert Barnes, author of "Notes on the New Testament," "Notes on the Psalms," &c. &c. New York: Harper & Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner.

These valuable lectures on the Evidences of Christianity, delivered several months ago, are the first series, provided for through the munificence of Zebulon Stiles Ely, in connection with the Union Theological Seminary of the city of New York. The rare scholarship of Rev. Mr. Barnes has been well established many years ago by his Notes on the New Testament, and other works of a similar character. His writings, as well as his pulpit ministrations, have always been of the highest evangelical type, and also eminently practical. This course of lectures illustrates the characteristics named in a high degree, and persons desirous to obtain a knowledge of the important truths discussed, will find all they desire in this volume. Harpers have brought out the book in their usualy good style.

INTO THE LIGHT: Or, the Jewess. By C. A. O. Loring, Publisher, Boston. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

This readable book depicts, in thrilling language, the conversion of Naomi, a lovely Jewess, from the shadows of Judaism "into the light" of Christianity. It gives the processes she passed through, revealing light and shade, in reaching the marvelous change. Rarely have we been so much interested in a work of this character as in this one. Throughout there is a religious vein and high moral tone. It is a very suitable book for a holiday gift, and one that would do good, as well as afford interest in its perusal.

ELSIE DINSMORE. By Martha Farquharson. New York: M. W. Dodd, 506 Broadway. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

Rarely such a touching story for young persons has been issued of late. The grouping of the characters are in good taste, and the salient points of each are presented with admirable poise. Elsie, the central character, around which all the others cluster, is touchingly beautiful in herself, as well as powerful in her pure example.

THE CLIFFORD HOUSEHOLD. By J. F. Moore. THE LITTLE FOX. Written for the Young. By S. T. C. New York: M. W. Dodd, 506 Broadway. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

There is a healthy glow pervading "The Clifford Household" that makes it a suitable and safe book to place in the hands of young persons. Lessons are inculcated that will do good. The story is readable, instructive and interesting. Just at this time it ought to be a popular holiday gift book, and not a very expensive one either.

"The Little Fox" is a narrative of the Arctic Expedition, under Captain Sir F. L. McClintock, and is written in a short and simple form for children. The little dainty volume would be an excellent gift for little folks.

D. APPLETON & Co., of New York, have just commenced the publication of Dickens' Works for the Million, in pamphlet form, stiff cover, printed on white paper, clear open text. The adventures of "Oliver Twist," and "Nicholas Nickleby" are already out, the former at 25 cents, 172 pp., and the other a stout pamphlet of 338 pp. for 35 cents. Cheap enough, surely. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 93 Wood street.

HARPER'S LIBRARY OF SELECT NOVELS. The character of this series is well known as being high toned. "Carlyons' Year," No. 301; "The Waterdale Neighbors," No. 302, and Mabel's Progress." No. 303. This class of reading matter is much sought after now-a-days, and serves so well with many to while away an evening, that it is not surprising the demand is so great for such literature. Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street, can supply these numbers, and any other, we presume, of the list.

ELIA OR, SPAIN FIFTY YEARS AGO. Translated from the Spanish, of Fernan Caballero. New York: D. Appleton & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

The author of this work enjoys a wide reputation in Europe as a writer. It is said the author is still living at an advanced age, and is in high favor at the Court of Spain. There is a vivacity and simplicity of style, vividness and elegance, which renders it quite readable. The pictures of life in Spain are grouped with artistic taste. It has also a strong flavor of the popular religion of that country.

THE DIARY OF A MILLINER. By Belle Otis. New York: Hurd & Houghton. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

The diarist professes to be a woman and a widow, who undertook trade in the department of millinery, as a means to independence. No regular plot connects the different parts of the narrative; only she jots down what falls under her observation in the course of business. The interest of the volume—such as it has—arises from viewing people and their motives from the stand-point of the shop. There is not a little in this view. Even in trying on bonnets and selecting ribbons character often leaks out unexpectedly.

STATE NEWS.

—About 7 o'clock last evening, the joists, under the Senate Chamber, in the northwest cellar of the Capitol were discovered to be on fire. The alarm was immediately given and the flame speedily extinguished through the exertions of Mr. Davis and others engaged inside the Capitol. The fire was communicated by one of the furnaces located in that portion of the basement, which, being intensely heated, ignited the joists above it. Had this fire occurred four or five hours later it might have been our duty to record the destruction of the Capitol.—*Harrisburg State Guard.*

—The Albany and Susquehanna Railroad is about being opened to the village of Ninevah, on the Susquehanna, being the point where the road crosses over to the Chenango River, a distance of twenty-one miles from the City of Binghamton, its terminus. This section is all under contract, and a large force is now at work for its completion. The Company intend to complete this last section of their road by the first of November next. It is expected that the whole line will then be in complete running order from Albany to Binghamton, a distance of one hundred and forty miles. From Ninevah, a road will be built connecting with this and running from thence down into Luzerne county, Penna., where it will connect with the various railroads of that part of the State.

—A new well was struck on Thursday last on Lease No. 8 of the Tallman Farm, Upper Cherry Run. It is located but a few rods distant from the Shamburg well No. 1. On Saturday last it was producing at the rate of sixty barrels per day. The working interest is owned by Messrs. David Harris and Joseph Fleming. The new well struck a few weeks since on the Cadwallader & Morse tract on Church Run, is now producing sixteen barrels per day, and the production is slowly but steadily increasing. The land is owned by Wells & Schindler, St. John and Adams.—*Titusville Herald.*

—Some of our county friends complain of the scarcity of water. Especially is this the case with those having Paper, Flour and Saw Mills on the different streams in Berks county. Some of the wells are already dry, and it is feared that there will be a great dearth of water during the winter. This will doubtless be the case unless we should have considerable rain, as the wells and streams are very low on account of the little rain which we have had during the fall.

—On Wednesday a fire broke out in the barn of Levi Merkel, in Cumberland county. The barn with its contents were destroyed and the loss will be several thousand dollars, exclusive of the building, a large quantity of hay and straw, several agricultural implements and eleven horses were destroyed.

—On Tuesday night the stores and dwellings of Henry Overmiller, of Uniosor, York county, were destroyed by fire. Everything was lost, the family narrowly escaping with life. Mr. Overmiller's loss is very heavy, although he has $3,600 insurance on his property.

—Mr. John Shirk, a veteran of the war of 1812, died at his residence on his farm in French Creek township, Mercer county, on Tuesday last. He was one of the heroes of Perry's victory, on Lake Erie, in 1813, and received a silver medal from the State for his services on that occasion.

—Noah Smith, who in February last murdered James Hosie, in Luzerne county, has been captured recently by a Scranton policeman after a disguise, a chase through the swamp, a hunt with dogs and an attempt to kill. Smith is now in jail in Scranton.

—About thirty hands have lately been discharged from the Downer Oil Works, Corry; and the *Telegraph* says notice has been given to the balance of the men that the Works will be closed about Christmas.

—We understand that there are six children lying dead in homes on the Flats, all victims of membranonous croup and diotheria.—*Scranton Republican.*

—Deers and bears are unusually plentiful in the neighborhood of Huntingdon this year. Of the latter many complaints are made.

—At Pithole washing is expensive, on account of the scarcity of water. Shirts, 75c, stockings 20c, face 20c.

—A slight shock of earthquake was recently felt at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.

—The value of taxable property in Bucks county is $8,026,787.

—Advices from Peru, South America, state that President Prado had made a regular attack on Arequipa, the principal stronghold of the rebellion, and had severely defeated his opponents, who, however, still held the main portion of the city. Three days had been given them to surrender, which time was gained by Prado where he could command the barricades with his heavy artillery. Colonel Balta, the chief of the rebels in the North, had also been severely defeated.

—A Grant club has been organized in Rochester, New York, with J. VanVoorhees as President, Ralph J. Goes, as Corresponding Secretary, and B. Frank Enos, as Recording Secretary.

PURE LIQUORS,

Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
Pure Liquors, Pure Liquors,
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
For medicinal purposes.
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Cognac Brandy, Port Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine,
Sherry Wine, Madeira Wine.
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Catawba Wine, Pure Holland Gin,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Jamaica Rum,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky,
Pure Rye Whisky, Pure Rye Whisky.

AT JOSEPH FLEMING'S,

Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
Corner of the Diamond and Market street.
de12:WTF

Suggestions of the Season.

King Winter has waved his sceptre over the land, whitening the earth, bridging the streams, and turning the waterfalls to pendant crystal. Upon activated as well as inanimate nature, the frigid atmosphere produces a marked effect. The blood is driven from the surface of the body back upon its inner fountains, and chills and Fever, Rheumatism, Pulmonary Diseases, Biliousness, and unpleasant disorders of the stomach and bowels are apt to be the result

Now, what is required to fortify the system against the attacks of disease thus engendered? Clearly a TONIC, which, acting through the stomach upon the circulation and the nervous system, shall redistribute the vital fluid to the surface, and brace the forces of motion and sensation. But this is not all that is required. With the TONIC must be combined such ALTERATIVE and REGULATING agencies as will tend to keep the whole animal machinery "in good working order."

These three grand requisites of a winter restorative exist, in their fullest perfection, in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, which are compounded of the purest vegetable stimulants and extracts, of the most genial and healthful roots, barks and plants that the herbalists and botanists of the world have yet discovered.

Coughing in Church.

Hundreds of persons destroy the interest of a whole congregation, by a continued coughing and sneezing, when in church, and frequently interrupt the preacher in his sermon, by a long bark, as unbecoming as it is dangerous to the health of the person himself. This need not be. DR. KEYSER, of Pittsburgh, has prepared a medicine which, although you can't carry it in your pocket, if you will take a dose before going to church, will allay all tickling and irritation of the lungs, and by a perseverance in its use for a day or two, will entirely cure the disease. SO DON'T COUGH ANY MORE IN CHURCH; THINK OF DR. KEYSER and his CHERRY PECTORAL; open your heart strings and purse strings, and you will be a better and happier man, and not be looked upon as one who annoys your neighbors. You can get it at any Druggists.

DR. KEYSER'S CONSULTATION OFFICE.

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all sections of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and its condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful specialty to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and readable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months ..... $2.00.
Six Months ..... 4.00.
One Year ..... 8.00.
Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the hands of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week forty solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the Daily, and a choice selection of literary and miscellaneous matter, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important issues, to determine the ruling prices in the market at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their present ones to expire, as we are anxious that none of our readers should be deprived of a week's news. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber ..... $1.50.
Clubs of Five ..... 1.25.
Clubs of Ten ..... 1.15.
—and one to the getter up the club.

For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia publishing the above, and send he marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, No. 84 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY.—The Union Republicans of the Second Ward will meet in the School House, on SATURDAY EVENING, Dec. 21st, At 7 o'clock, to make nominations for Ward Officers, to be voted for at the Primary meeting. de20:3td

NOTICE.—PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK OF PITTSBURGH, No. 89 Fourth street. Capital, $100,000. Deposits made in this Bank before January 1st, 1868, will draw interest from that date.
President—HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President—WILLIAM HEA
Secretary and Treasurer—F. VON BONNHORST. de20:1-9

GARDEN FIGS.

Just received, a supply of ex ra quality Figs, put up in baskets, for family use; also, extra fine Figs, in fancy cartons, for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A RENSHAW.
de20 Corner Liberty and Grand street.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—All persons interested will take notice that Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JAMES A. GIBSON, late of Pine township, deceased. Persons knowing themselves indebted to said late are requested to make payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
NANCY M. GIBSON,
JAMES A. GIBSON, Administratrix.
Pine township, Allegheny county.
Post Office, Perrysville. de20:6w

HEALING WITHOUT DRUGS.

The true curative plan or natural healing art is based entirely upon physiological principles—upon the ACTIVITY OF FUNCTIONS in appropriating or using the LIFE SUSTAINER, and their nutrient value being assimilated in a manner that is potent in the BANISHMENT OF DISEASE from the system. But before we can heal through the inherent vital properties of the tissues, we bring the RATIONAL MATERIA MEDICA to bear, in DRAWING OUT THE DISEASE MEDICINES, and morbid materials thrown the activity of the depurating channels, sanatory provisions and safety valves, with which the system is bountifully supplied. But when these are either obstructed or not understood, the penalty is the same; therefore instead of quaking last we die before we have gained more money than we can use, it is our highest policy to learn first the laws of healthfulness in the bodily tabernacle, in order that we may live to inherit our natural wealth of happiness. By our normal ionics, alteratives, stimulants, sedatives, &c., we get the FRIENDLY changes of vital action. Without the corrosive wounds inflicted by drugs. By a correct dealing with causes in the province of disease, we eradicate the whole catalogue of parasites, among which are tape worm, erratic form, &c.; also, tumors, cancers, ulcers, abscesses, dropsy, insanity, diseases of the bones or mailities, ossium and fragilitus ossium, deafness, liver complaint, dyspepsia, gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, and in short every disease that flesh is heir to, provided our remedial plan is strictly adhered to. We do not expect to please all. But those who have been the victims of the empyrician and ingenious lingo of similia similibus curantur, and contraria contrarious curantur practice; and now with PHYSICAL REDEMPTION, in its broadest sense, can try the Vis-Conservatrix Naturae Method, by giving us a call, at No. 59 CENTRE AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
de4:th81

H. KIRKPATRICK,

PRACTICAL

BOOK-KEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT,

OF TWENTY-FIVE YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE, WILL ATTEND TO OPENING AND CLOSING MERCHANTS' BOOKS,

Single Entry Books Closed and Re-Opened by Double Entry. Deranged Books accurately adjusted.

PARTNERSHIP SETTLEMENTS made out in a thorough business style.

Office on third floor, Apollo Building, No. 80 FOURTH STREET. de4:h6

WASHINGTON MILLS,

Washington Street, near Pittsburgh Grain Elevator.

W. W. ANDERSON,

Manufacturer of CORN MEAL, RYE FLOUR, and CHOPPED FEED. Orders delivered in either city, free of charge. Grain of all kinds chopped, and Corn shelled, on short notice. se8:f

100,000, 100,000, 100,000.

Just received, the above amount of BROOM HANDLES,

Which will be disposed of at low rates, to the trade.
W. M. GORMLY, Wholesale Grocer,
no19 121 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

UNION STREET.

Notice is hereby given that the Report of the Viewers for opening UNION STREET, Seventh ward, Allegheny, is filed at No. 95, January Term, 1868, that all parties having exceptions may file the same in proper time.
J. G. McCOMBS,
de14:167 City Solicitor.

DRY FRUIT.

15 bbls. choice halves Peaches;
2 " " quarters do.
5 " " prime apples;
Now landing, for sale by
de20 1&I-H DICKEY & CO.

TENN. CORN—Two car loads White, to arrive by rail, for sale by
de13:3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

POSITIVELY SIX DAYS ONLY,

COMMENCING

Monday Evening, December 23d.

CHRISTMAS WEEK—Grand Christmas Matinee.

Wednesday Afternoon, December 25.

"Ol' Santa Claus" or his agent on the stage after each exhibition. The Great Original

MILTONIAN TABLEAUX,

FROM LONDON, ENGLAND,

The most extraordinary exhibition in the world, creating the most intense sensation wherever exhibited, the largest hall s being filled day and night to witness

The Imposing Spectacle,

Conveying to the mind of the beholder the most exalted idea of HEAVEN, and as awful and impressive idea of the INFERNAL REGIONS BELOW. The same world-renowned exhibition that for the last few months created such a great sensation in the eastern cities, the largest and most popular halls

Packed Night after Night,

For weeks, and thousands often turned away, unable to gain admission. Go and see the great Group of SATAN AND THE REBEL HOST being driven out of Heaven.

EVERY NIGHT.

Pandemonium, or Hell, with Satan in council there. Satan's Voyage from Hell through Chaos to the earth

Every Night,

The Garden—Adam and Eve—Their Sin and Expulsion.

MINISTERS RECOMMEND IT.

The Elite and Intelligent Patronize It.

The citizens of Pittsburgh will please bear in mind that this is not the Panoramic Moving Paradise Lost, traveling through the country, pegging out bills, and otherwise imitating to so extent, our style of advertising—it is being the great original and Miltonian fabricant, from London, England, and the only complete and legitimate representation of Milton's Paradise Lost in the world. All others are limbs.

In order that all classes of people may have an opportunity to witness this wonderful exhibition, the price of admission is reduced as follows:

Parquette and Dress Circle only ..... 25 cents.
Family Circle ..... 25 cents.
Gallery ..... 10 cents.
Reserved seats, Parquette & Dress Cir. 50 cents.
Admission to Matinee, all parts of house 25 cents.
Children ..... 10 cents.

Reserved seats can be secured without extra charge for any evening during the week, at Mellor's Music Store, 81 Wood street, where a diagram of the Academy of Music can be seen every day, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., commencing SATURDAY, December 21st.

Doors open every evening at 7 o'clock, to commence at 7½ precisely. Doors to Matinee open at 2 o'clock P. M., to commence at 3 precisely.

Gentlemanly Ushers will be in attendance and an efficient police force to preserve order.

Carriages may be ordered in waiting at 9½ o'clock.

The Cabinet Organ used in these entertainments is one of the Paris Exposition Medal Prize Mason & Hamlin Organs, furnished by Mr. C. C. Mellor, the sole agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity. Warerooms, 81 Wood street.
A. M. HORLAND, Manager,
de20:178 CHAS. L. OLDS, Agent.

MASONIC HALL.

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY,

COMMENCING

Tuesday Evening, Dec. 24th, 1867,

Open every night after until further notice, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS at 2 o'clock.

The Wonder and Marvel of the Age!

MAGNIFICENT AND DIVINE!

THE GREAT

APOCALYPSE ! !

ILLUSTRATED.

The Book of Revelations Unsealed.

THE VISIONS OF ST. JOHN

Opened to view in FIFTY SPLENDID MOVING TABLEAUX, showing what St. John saw when in Heaven was opened.

St. ns of state—Falling Stars—The Moon Turned to Blood—Earthquake—Unsealed Heaven—The River of Life—The Scarlet Beast with 7 Heads and 10 horns—Falling cities—The Heavens in purple—Death on a Pale Horse—The Son of Man in the Day of Wrath—The Seven Seals opened—The Day of Doom—The Bottomless Pit—The Resurrection, &c.

As described by him in the Book of Revelations, commencing with the vision of the Seven Golden Candlesticks, and ending with the VISION OF THE

DAY OF JUDGMENT

AND

THE NEW JERUSALEM.

The whole comprising the entire Visions related by the Book of Revelations and presenting to view the most

STARTLING AND SUBLIME SPECTACLES

Ever heard of by man, and only revealed to St. John, the "beloved disciple," that the world through sin, might learn the things that must come to pass, and prepare for

THE GREAT DAY OF HIS WRATH!

When none shall be able to stand. Now the curtain up! Sinner alike to behold the mysteries which tell of Time and Eternity, and repent.

THE HOME OF THE RIGHTEOUS, THE DOOM OF THE WICKED.

Admission 25 Cents. No Half Price.

Merry Christmas Matinee WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. Grand Family and School Matinee on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. Admission to Matinees, 25 cents; children 15 cents.
de20 CHAS W. RIDDER, Agent.

GIFTS FOR 1867-'68.

The Largest Assortment in the City,

COMPRISING, IN PART,

Fine Vienna and American Desks;
Work Boxes, Cigar cases, Cubes;
Pocket Books, Ladies' Companions;
Genuine Turkey Morocco Satchels;
Port Monnies;
Bohemian and China Vases;
Splendid China noxes & Ornaments;
Chess Men and Boards;
Photo Albums;
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Parlor Croquet Implements and Boards;
Bezigues, and other Games;
Glove and Handkerchief Boxes,

And an endless variety of

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,

Imported direct from Europe, and not through Eastern Agents, and will be sold at LOWER PRICES than can be found elsewhere.

C. YEAGER & CO.,

de18:3d 110 MARKET STREET.

HO! FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEARS!

Fine Confections, Nuts and Candies, for the Holidays!

I. N. SIEMON,

Baker and Confectioner,

109 Federal Street, Allegheny City.

Tea Cakes, Pies, and all kinds of COMMON and FANCY BAKING constantly on hand. POUND CAKES, JELLY CAKES and FRUIT CAKES manufactured to parties at short notice.

CALL AND SEE ME.

I. N. SIEMON,

109 Federal Street,

de18:165:WPT ALLEGHENY CITY.

CONFECTIONERY.

MRS. R. C. NEEPER,

(SUCCESSOR TO MRS. S. A. MORGAN.)

Baker & Confectioner,

Corner of Smithfield Street and Diamond Alley.

CANDIES, CANDIES, CANDIES.

FRUIT CAKES, PIES and all kinds of FANCY CAKES fresh every day. POUND CAKES, JELLY CAKES, FRUIT CAKES, manufactured for parties at short notice.

A splendid ICE CREAM and OYSTER SALOON has been fitted up especially for Ladies. Just received, a large variety of handsome

FRENCH BOXES FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Remember the place,

MRS. R. C. NEEPER.

Corner Diamond alley and Smithfield St.
de19:172

1868. DIARIES, 1868.

OF THE USUAL VARIETIES,

FOR SALE AT

W. S. HAVEN'S,

Cor. Wood and Third Sts.
de19:166

CLOTH SACQUES,

VELVET SACQUES and FANCY CLOAKINGS,

Are now offered at a GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES, by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 FIFTH STREET.
de19:

SUGAR TOYS FOR HOLIDAYS.

A LARGE STOCK, WE WILL SELL

As Low as any House in the City,

SHEPHARD'S

Steam Confectionery,

317 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

WE ARE NOW

READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS,

With a large and select assortment of BISMARK, GRECIAN, GA. IBALDI and METROPOLITAN

SUITS,

For BOYS, YOUTHS and CHILDREN.

OVERCOATS, all styles and sizes, in great variety.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MESSRS. BARR SNAKE & BUETTLER will please accept the thanks of the principal Teachers and Pupils of Prof. Bogle's English and Classical School, for the use of one of their ESTEY'S famous COTTAGE ORGANS, at the late entertainment given by the pupils of this School. These Organs are of superior tone and finish, possessing all the qualities so desirable in an instrument of this class. They are deservedly popular.
de20:176

FINE WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C., &C.

J. R. REED & CO.,

No. 68 Fifth Street,

Has on hand one of the finest assortments of

JEWELRY, WATCHES,

And SILVER-WARE

Ever brought to this city. Call and examine their stock.
de20:177

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

FINE EDITIONS OF

STANDARD AUTHORS,

AT

KAY & COMPANY'S,

65 Wood Street,

LAFAYETTE BUILDING.

PLUTARCH'S LIVES. Clough's Ed. 6 vols.
THE SPECTATOR. Library Ed. 6 vols.
THE NEW TACITUS. Boston Ed. 2 vols.
MACAULAY'S Historical Works. 10 vols.
D'ISRAELI'S Works. Riverside Ed. 6 vols.
DUKE'S WORKS. Illustrated Library Ed.
DICKENS' works. Globe Ed.
DICKENS' Works. Riverside Ed. 6 vols.
DICKENS' Works. Diamond Ed.
SHAKESPEARE. White's Ed. 12 vols.
BANCROFT'S United States. 9 vols.
PRESCOTT'S Works. 15 vols.
MOTLEY'S Historical Works. 5 vols.
NORTH BRITISH REVIEW. 6 vols.
LAMB'S Complete Works. Riverside Ed. 5 vols.
GOLDSMITH'S Miscellaneous Works. 4 vols.
IRVING'S Complete Works. Sunnyside Ed. 25 vols

The Pittsburgh Gazette

GLEANINGS.

—Cincinnati has an oil suit.

—There are two hundred and seven convicts in the Wisconsin State Prison.

—The first shad of the season have made their appearance in southern cities.

—Mrs. Sam Houston died on the 5th inst., of yellow fever, at Independence, Texas.

—The *Age* is the name of the new Democratic paper soon to be started in Chicago.

—Gen. Frazer, formerly of this State, has been elected President of the University of Kansas.

—In Chicago a Judge has decided in Court that young ladies of seventeen are too old to be spanked.

—New Albany, Indiana, used up more than 13,000,000 of bricks for new buildings during the last season.

—A Mr. Meagher flung an iron weight at the head of Uriah Moore and killed him. The parties reside in St. Joseph, Mo.

—The population of Washington, D. C., is 105,831, of which one-third owes its color originally to Afric's sunny climes.

—The last of the Revolutionary soldiers is dead, so that now that struggle has become fully a deed of past generations.

—Forty-three million gallons of beer are drunk in London yearly, and not satisfied with this a large number of men are drunk too.

—A new fruit is being enjoyed in Cincinnati, called philodenphon pergnosum, which tastes like a mixture of bananas and pine apple.

—The mercury was at seventeen below zero in Neillsville, Wisconsin, last week, while Milwaukee has not had frost enought to start its skating Rink.

—E. A. Pollard is almost well again. He seems to be unkillable and able to stand any number of beatings, bruisings, stabbings, shootings and snubbings.

—A murderer aged seventy years, was guillotined in Paris recently, who had caused the deaths of several persons, the last of whom was seventy-five years old.

—The British Brig "Eureka," which sailed from Baltimore on the 27th of October last, laden with petroleum and its products, has been totally lost at sea.

—Who will dare say that the age of miracles is past when all through the season, in every fishing village on the coasts, fish are killed and afterwards cured?

—A man named Rodgers shot his wife on the 15th inst., in Chattanooga, Tenn., while laboring under a fit, produced by drink and jealousy. The murderer is in jail and the woman is dead.

—Cincinnati people are calling upon their city councils to require coal dealers to sell by weight, as under the present system of selling by bushels, they are so often cheated with short measure.

—Women are thronging to California, where the matrimonial market is good. If they would go to Montana they could, if they chose, set up a reversed Utah, so great is the dearth of the article there.

—The editor of the "*Tune*," a comic paper in Paris, has been fined six hundred francs, imprisoned for two months and his paper prohibited altogether, for writing on political subjects without permission.

—In Cincinnati a sleigh containing three persons was run away with on Tuesday by its horses and dashed to pieces. The inmates were all severely hurt, and a gentleman who came to their assistance had a rib broken.

—Two women of the lewder sort attempted to commit suicide, in Milwaukee, on Sunday last, the one by severing some veins in her arm and neck, and the other by taking laudanum; both, however, were rescued before their rash acts had terminated fatally.

—A desperate fight occurred in Philadelphia on Tuesday morning, in a restaurant, on Library street, opposite the Postoffice. Four men were severely injured and carried to the hospital. One of these four is probably mortally wounded. The cause of the fracas is unknown.

—Newport, R. I., has been completely cut off and covered up from the rest of the world by the snow storm; the streets and roads were completely blocked up; the steamers and coasters were unable to run, and the gas works were injured so that there was no light.

—A man named Miller died and was buried in Cincinnati last week, and his remains were exhumed on Monday of this week, because his sister suspected foul play. An inquest discovered evidence enough to prove that the man had died a violent death, and now the awful conundrum of who is the murderer? is being solved by the police.

—Three boys, aged between ten and twelve years, broke into a grocery in Covington, Ky., on Sunday last, and filled their pockets with candies, raisins and nuts. Just as they were about to march to the rear they were captured by a clerk in the store adjoining. On being examined by the police it was discovered that a gang of forty boys of the same age or thereabouts has been engaged for a year in robbing tills and in other romantic exploits.

—A copy of the Cleveland *Register* of December (date gone) 1818, says: "Another oil spring has been discovered near Cleveland. A well was sunk for the purpose of obtaining salt water, when Seneca oil rose upon the surface in such quantities that five or six gallons are collected in a day." Although this was almost fifty years ago, still we think the oil is probably now there, and a new oil region may be lying undeveloped from ignorance of its existence. It might pay somebody to find out where this salt well was located.

—The negroes in Louisville have become possessed with the idea that was so prevalent in Richmond not long ago, that the medical students kidnap negroes and chop them up. "First saw off the head and then cut them in pieces." The skeletons are supposed to be the prime object, but it is also supposed that the fat ones are boiled down into castor oil, and the flesh used for making Bologna sausage to ship to Boston. The Louisville *Courier* says that the excitement amongst the class most interested is intense, and it seems impossible to persuade them to think otherwise.

—Thomas J. Macdonald, a respectable gentleman of Paris, Ky., died last week by his own hand. He purchased some opium; had his will drawn up; went to a dentist and had a tooth drawn out while under the influence of chloroform, which he asked to have administered to him. He then, it is supposed, took the poison which he had purchased, first writing to his wife that he felt that he was going to die, and that his death was caused by an over dose of chloroform, and that she was entitled to the money on his accident insurance policy, ($5,000.) No motive for the rash deed was assigned, and he died seemingly without trouble or loss of reason. He left some $25,000 to his wife by his will.

—On Saturday evening last the people living in one of the most exclusive parts of Milwaukee were startled by loud screams and cries, which, on investigation proved to come from a lady of the highest respectability and social position, whose husband, being under the control of Bacchus, was beating her in the most outrageous manner. The neighbors quickly rescued the unfortunate woman, whose face, arms and bosom were covered with bruises, and took her to the house of a friend, leaving the brute-man in possession of his house. Nothing was done besides this, and the only punishment inflicted on him is the scorn of the people. Occurring in the sphere that it did, this outrage has provoked a profound sensation in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ELEGANT

HOLIDAY PRESENT,

TWENTY REASONS

FOR BUYING A

MASON & HAMLIN

CABINET ORGAN.

1. It is the BEST INVESTMENT you can make; safer and bringing greater returns than money loaned on interest or invested in bonds or lands.
2. It will render home attractive, and save more expensive and less beneficial amusements.
3. Its music will cultivate good feeling, and have the best influence.
4. It will enable your sons and daughters to learn to play, and so give them a valuable accomplishment.
5. It will give them facilities to qualify themselves as teachers of music, which is as good as a trade or profession. Thousands of ladies are now pleasantly supporting themselves by teaching music, which they learned merely as an accomplishment. If your daughter has some aptness for music, you would better give her a good instrument now, and encourage her to learn to play on it, than to give her thousands of dollars some years hence.
6. It will be a pleasure and comfort yourself during the long winter evenings.
7. It will last a lifetime, and you will value it more and more highly.
8. It is easier to learn to play on than a Piano Forte and costs much less.
9. The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs are THE BEST instruments of this class in the world.
10. This is proved by the testimony of the best judges. They have been awarded highest premiums at OVER SEVENTY industrial competitions, including the FIRST PRIZE MEDAL at the WORLD'S EXPOSITION AT PARIS, this year. In their circular, M. & H. print the testimony of more than three hundred of the best musicians in the country that their instruments are all others. When one who wishes to sell you an instrument claims that it is recommended as "the best by hundreds of the most distinguished organists, ask him to *show you their testimony. If it has ever been given, it will have it in print.*
11. Compare the instruments made by M. & H. side by side with any others; compare them critically and thoroughly, tone by tone, and you cannot fail to see superiority in many respects.
12. These instruments are the only ones having the celebrated AUTOMATIC BELLOWS SWELL, the most important improvement in reed instruments for twenty years.
13. They are the only instruments having PATENT SELF-ADJUSTING REED VALVES, and the various other patented improvements of Mason & Hamlin.
14. They are the only reed instruments having cloched mortices.
15. Compare the exteriors, and observe that the instruments of M. & H. have the best quality of ivory; ivory fronts to the keys; real ebony and not merely colored black keys; desks made in the most substantial manner of three separate pieces of wood, glued together, and not liable to break, &c., &c. This thoroughness of workmanship, and use of only best material, runs through the whole instrument.
16. The thoroughness of construction of these instruments gives them the greatest durability. They are not liable to get out of order.
17. They will improve by age, getting even better in quality of tone.
18. THEY ARE THE CHEAPEST INSTRUMENTS OF THE CLASS; not the lowest priced, indeed, though the difference in price between these and inferior instruments is not great. It costs a little more to do the very best work, but is cheapest in the end.
19. It is not safe to trust to the judgment of dealers, who *are tempted to think those instruments are the best on which they can make the greatest profits.* M. & H. have fixed their prices so low that they cannot afford to pay the large commissions given to dealers by makers of inferior work.
20. Every instrument made by Mason & Hamlin is fully warranted. If it proves defective, you can suffer no loss, as their guarantee is above quest on.

☞ Send for a Circular, which will be sent gratuitously, containing full descriptions and illustrations of the different styles and prices, which vary from $75 to $1,000 and upwards, each: also with testimony in full from the distinguished organists of the country to the superiority of these instruments.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,

No. 81 Wood Street,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

MASON & HAMLIN ORNANS.

HOLIDAY STOCK

JUST RECEIVED.

AT FACTORY PRICES.

CHANDELIERS,

BRACKETS AND LAMPS,

FOR EITHER GAS OR OIL.

Of latest patterns and best workmanship, at all prices, among which are:

12 Light Gas Chandeliers at..... $200 00 each.
9 " " " ..... 62 50 "
3 Light Bracket for Gas..... 40 00 "
2 " " " ..... 70 00 "
2 " " " ..... 45 00 "

All of latest patterns and best workmanship.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Kitchen, Hall and Parlor Lamps,

OPAL AND PAPER SHADES,

GLOBES, &c., &c.,

In quantities to suit purchasers.

ARTHUR KIRK,

172 and 174 Federal St., Allegheny.

no25:626

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

FRENCH MERINOS.

Several lots just received from Auction, at very low prices. Also, a large line of

PAISLEY SHAWLS, black and red centre.
CLOAKS AND SACQUES.
CLOAKING CLOTHS.
BLACK SILK VELVETS.
HOUSEKEEPER'S GOODS, every variety.

For sale very cheap. Call and see them, at

H. J. LYNCH'S,

96 Market Street.

de19:159

POSTPONEMENT.

THE LADIES OF THE

Pennsylvania Avenue M. E. Church

Would respectfully inform the public that owing to a misunderstanding in procuring

Lafayette Hall,

The FAIR AND FESTIVAL which was to have been held on the 17th, 18th and 19th instant, has been postponed until the

21th, 22d & 23th OF FEBRUARY.

Tickets already sold will be good at the time announced. COMMITTEE.

de18:197

AT EATON'S,

17 FIFTH STREET.

Bradley's Duplex Elliptic Skirts,

In all NEW AND DESIRABLE STYLES, AND ALL LENGTHS.

N. B.—SOILED SKIRTS AT REDUCED PRICES. de16

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of Heavy, Medium and Ligh

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

LEWIS KIM.....NICHOLAS SCHWARTZ.

KIM & SCHWARTZ,

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturers of

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware,

And dealers in COOKING STOVES and HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE.

TIN ROOFING AND JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.

No. 118 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite the Post Office, and No. 44 WYLIE STREET, near Tunnel. PITTSBURGH, PA.

oct21:gdl

JAS. D. MEANOR.....JOS. HARPER.

MEANOR & HARPER,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

329 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH.

Consignments solicited.

REFERENCE—J. G. Martin, Cashier Mechanics National Bank; J. S. Dilworth & Co., W. T. Kennedy & Bro.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

20 PER CENT. SAVED.

A DISCOUNT of 20 PER CENT. from regular prices allowed on the entire stock of

OVERCOATS,

FROM DECEMBER 13TH, AT

RAMALEY'S

Fashionable Clothing Emporium,

No. 336 Liberty Street.

FIFTEEN PER CENT. SAVED.

A DISCOUNT of 15 PER CENT. from regular prices, allowed on the entire stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

With the exception of OVERCOATS, at

RAMALEY'S

Fashionable Clothing Emporium,

No. 336 Liberty Street.

TEN PER CENT. SAVED.

A DISCOUNT of 10 PER CENT. from regular prices, allowed on the entire stock of

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

AT RAMALEY'S

Fashionable Clothing Emporium,

No. 336 Liberty Street,

OPPOSITE WAYNE STREET.

de18:155

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES

At the Pittsburgh Steam Marble & Slate Works.

Office and Warerooom—319 and 321 LIBERTY STREET, Mantle Warerooom on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become discolored by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized, and made to look well as new.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.

All kinds of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, cartage added.

no18:d&f:7 W. W. WALLACE.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD,
ZINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
McCOY'S VERDITER COLORS,

And all colors dry or in oil.

Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.

Factory, Nos. 480, 482, 484, 486 and 488 Rebecca Street and 49, 51 and 53 Locust street, Allegheny. jy29

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER, ALLEGHENY CITY, December 16, 1867.

THE REPORT OF VIEWERS

appointed to assess the benefits and damages arising from the opening of

Locust Street and Evans Alley,

In the City of Allegheny, are on file in this office, and will be open for inspection until THURSDAY, the 26th inst.

CHAS. T. DAVIS,

de18:167 City Engineer.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., TREASURER'S OFFICE, December 9, 1867.

ALLEGHENY CITY

COMPROMISE BONDS WANTED.

Persons holding Compromise Bonds of the City of Allegheny, Pa., are hereby notified that the Sinking Fund for 1867 will be invested in these Bonds at the lowest rates offered. Propesals will be received by the undersigned, until WEDNESDAY, the 1st of January, 1868.

D. MACFERRON,

Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

de9:121

PITT ALLEY.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess benefits and damages for the

Widening of Pitt Alley,

THIRD WARD, ALLEGHENY,

From Strawberry alley to Montgomery avenue, will meet on the premises to fulfil the duties of their appointment on MONDAY, the 23d of December, 1867, at 3½ o'clock P. M.

JOHN ALSION,
JAMES GRAHAM,
SIMEON BULFORD.

de9:115

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Dec. 14, 1867.

THE ASSESSMENT for the

Grading, Paving and Curbing of CRAWFORD and MERCER STREETS, from Webster street to Bedford street, and of PLEASANT ALLEY, from Elm to Fountain street, are now ready for examination, and will remain in this Office, West Market Building, until MONDAY, December 23rd, when they will be placed in the City Treasurer's Office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,

de13:155 City Engineer and Surveyor.

$20,000 DOLLARS—$20,000.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Dec. 5th, 1867.

WANTED, to negotiate a

Loan of $20,000,

For a term of years. Interest payable semi-annually.

Apply to

R. B. FRANCIS,

de5:14 City Controller.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CERTIFICATE No. 1782,

Issued by the Merchants and Manufacturers Bank, November 19th, 1856, for 40 SHARES of STOCK, the names of ARCHIBALD STEWART has been lost or mislaid, and application has been made according to law for a new certificate

ARCH'D STEWART.

October 24th, 1867. oct25:TUF

IRON WORK FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY WORK HOUSE.

Proposals will be received until the 10TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1868, for the Cast and Wrought Iron required in the erection of the above Institution, in accordance with sample and detailed plans and specifications exhibited at the office of Barr & Moser, Architects, No. 2 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh.

GEO. ALBREE, Secretary.
Cor. Wood and Fourth sts., Pittsburgh.

H. S. FLEMING, } Committee.
W. T. BISSELL, }

de8:17

J. D MATTHEWS,

STAMP AND STENCIL CUTTER,

231 Liberty Street, opposite Wood.

BRANDING IRONS, STAMPS AND STENCIL MARKING PLATES, ALPHABETS AND FIGURES, in Steel or Copper, at shortest notice and the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE. We defy competition.

☞ AGENTS WANTED. no22:244

STOVES! STOVES!

FREDERICK SCHULZE,

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware,

Dealer in Cutlery, Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Fenders, Fire Irons and Block Tin Ware, No. 118 WYLIE STREET, near Washington. Enameled and tinned Ware, wholesale and retail. ☞ All jobbing and repairing promptly attended to

A. H. ENGLISH & CO.,

No. 98 Fourth Street,

Publishers of OSGOOD'S READERS, DYAR'S ARITHMETICS, BURTT'S GRAMMAR AND COWLEY'S COPY BOOKS. Also, manufacturers of BLANK BOOKS. BOOK BINDING executed in all its forms. A large stock of STATIONERY constantly on hand. v24

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE

CITY TO BUY THE

TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,

Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.

c24 P. C. DUFFY.

F. MUSSMANN,

FIFTH STREET, between Tunnel & Chatham Sts.,

Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully, on short notice. jy23:dt69

U. K. TYLER.....F. F. ROBINSON.

TYLER & ROBINSON,

(Successors to JAMES GRAHAM,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

LOG PUMPS,

And all kin's of WOODEN TUBING; corner of WEST and THIRD Streets, Allegheny City. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Repairing done on the shortest notice. au17:195

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TUBING, No. 32 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

N. B.—Special attention given to the manufacture of LOG PUMPS. ly31:c26

MARTIN LIEBLER,

DEALER IN

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

Also, Manufacturer. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.,

No. 132 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa

Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:dt69

D. R. ECKER,

DEALER IN

CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE, STONE HEARTHS, WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS, And WATER PIPES.

Office and Warehouse, 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. ed13

WE WILL KEEP ON HAND

And make to order all kinds of Spring and plain WAGONS, CARTS, DRAYS, WHEELBARROWS, TRUCKS, LOCUST HUBS, And TURNED SPOKES, HAY RAKES and FORKS.

At DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases. Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. no11:d&f

☞ FOR NON-RETENTION OR INCONTINENCE of Urine, irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits, and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings, USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. se8:MWF

☞ HELMBOLD'S

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, And all diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, Whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

From whatever cause originating, and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs requires the use of a diuretic. If no diuretic is submitted to, Consumption or insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years. Prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists. se9:MWF

☞ HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BUCHU is the Great Diuretic, HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA is the Great Blood Purifier. Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be obtained.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. se9:MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower for which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

☞ HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, all like expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor. Immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. se9:MWF

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT ARCH BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. ja8:eod

☞ HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU gives health and vigor to the frame and blood to the cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity, or hypochondriac fits ensue. se9:MWF

☞ ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Succes ors to ROBINSON, MILNE & MILLIKEN,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞ Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:y83

☞ ENFEEBLED and DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, of both sexes, use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable you to sleep well. se9:MWF

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braciers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Malleable Bolt Bottoms, Spelter Solder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Pig Tin, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machine and Bright Tin Plates. 140 FIRST STREET and 120 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern.

☞ TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT, and UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH. se9:MWF

☞ THE HEALING POOL,

AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, FOR YOUNG MEN, on the CRIME OF SOLITUDE, and the ERRORS, ABUSES AND DISEASES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. se24:dAT

☞ HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor. Free from injurious properties, and immediate in its action. se9:MWF

☞ QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 278 PENN STREET,

mh26:y87 PITTSBURGH.

☞ THE GLORY OF MAN IS STRENGTH.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

☞ MANHOOD AND YOUTHFUL VIGOR are regained by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

☞ SHATTERED CONSTITUTIONS RESTORED by HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU. se9:MWF

Cheap Soap! Good Soap!

NATRONA REFINED

SAPONIFIER!

or

Concentrated Lye.

2 Cts. a lb. for Superior Hard Soap.

TWELVE POUNDS OF SOFT SOAP FOR ONE CENT.

Every Family can Make their Own Soap.

ALL VARIETIES OF SOAP.

(As Neatly Made as a Cup of Coffee.

Is a new Concentrated Lye, for making Soap, just discovered in

GREENLAND, IN THE ARCTIC SEAS,

and is composed mainly of Aluminate of Soda, which, when mixed with ANIMAL FAT, produces the

BEST DETERSIVE SOAP

IN THE WORLD.

1 Box will make 175 lbs. good Soft Soap, or its equivalent in superior Hard Soap.

Retailed by all Druggists and Grocers in the United States.

☞ FULL RECIPES WITH EACH BOX. ☜

Dealers can obtain it wholesale in pases, each containing 60 boxes, at a liberal discount, of the wholesale Grocers and Druggists in all the towns and cities of the United States, or of

CLIFFORD PEMBERTON,
General Agent,
PITTSBURG, PENN.

COLGATE & CO.'S GERMAN

CRACKLE SOAP

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be relied upon as the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. my22:WF

HOPE SPICE MILLS.

D. R. RINEHART.....C. A. STEVENS.

RINEHART & STEVENS,

Successors to J. D. DRAVO, manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of SPICES AND CHOPPED FEED, Nos. 12 and 14 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pearl Barley, Oat Meal and fresh Corn Meal always on hand. Roasting done to order

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

BARRED FLANNEL!

THE WELL KNOWN

KITTANNING

BARRED FLANNEL,

In Black and Red,

AND

BLACK AND WHITE.

A LARGE STOCK,

AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES!

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,

54 Wood Street.

THE GREAT SALE

STILL CONTINUES,

AT

77 and 79 Market Street,

NEW GOODS

JUST ARRIVING.

Bought very low, and which will be offered at VERY LOW PRICES. Call and see the

French Corsets at $1.

NOW IS THE TIME TO

PROCURE BARGAINS,

As we are determined to close out our present stock before the New year.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.

de7

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

WISH TO CALL THE ATTENTION of the public to their extensive stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS,

JUST RECEIVED.

IT COMPRISES A LARGE VARIETY OF

Fancy Glove Boxes;
Clear Stands, Watch Stands;
Jewel Cases, Purses, Fancy Portmonnaies, &c.
New Style Diplex Skirt, 50 cents;
Fine Lot of Alcoms, worth from $1.00, selling for 37½ cents;
Large Lot of Gent's Fur Topped Kid Gloves, at $1.35 a pair.

A Splendid Stock of Lace Goods,

SUCH AS

Point Lace Handkerchiefs;
Point Applique Handkerchiefs;
Point Lace Collars, Mailese Lace Collars;
Ladies' Fine Cuffs.

WE ALSO SELL

Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, 4 cents.
Hem'd & Tucked " 25 cents;
Heavy Cotton Ribbed Hose, 12½ cents;
Heavy Merino Ribbed Hose, 25 cents;
All-Wool Hose, 25 cents;
Ladies' Merino Vests, slightly soiled, 50c;
Paper Collars, ten in a box, 10 cents.

Remember, these goods are to be had at

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.'S,

78 & 80 Market St.

de14

1867.....1867.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street.

GREAT HOLIDAY SALE,

OF MAGNIFICENT PRESENTS.

Jewel and Work Boxes;
Handkerchief and Glove Boxes;
Elegant Perfumery Stands;
Cigar and Dressing Cases;
Fine Gilt and Pearl Card Cases;
Morocco Wallet and Pocket Books;
Real and Imitation Lace;
Plain and Embroidered Handkerchiefs;
Fine Cashmere Scarf;
Fine Cloth and Kid Gloves.

A complete stock of

Undershirts and Drawers,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

FAR MUFFS,

Just the thing for this cold snap. A complete line of

TRIMMINGS, CORSETS, SKIRTS,

ZEPHYR AND KNIT GOODS.

ALL GOODS SOLD AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

de13:

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh,

Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams Checks Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Flannels, Blankets, Flannels, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics; a full line of Notions and Small Goods, Barred Flannels, of Eastern and home manufacture.

We are agents for FULLERTON'S PREMIUM BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S COUNTRY FLANNELS, sold strictly on commission. A Mill Price. A full line in all departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a fine assortment of

FURS,

To which we invite the attention of our friends and customers.

Also, a full assortmen t of

Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

no25.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A full supply of Cooking, Heating and Parlor Stoves, Fenders, Fire Irons and Stands; Fancy Oval and Square Coal Vases and Hods, and Housekeeping goods in general. Also, manufacturers of ZIMMERMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for cooking meats, vegetables, puddings, &c., in one vessel. Also, agent for Spear's Patent Anti-Dust and Gas Burner Parlor Stoves; for anthracite and other coal.

Messrs. R. & S. give special attention to the manufacture of Grocers' Canisters. oct9:m6

SUNDRIES.

100 boxes Goshen Cheese;
75 " Factory do;
200 " Hamburg do;
100 casks Pearlash;
200 " Soda Ash;
50 " Refined Soda Ash;
700 bbls. White Lime;
200 bbls. Mackerel, Trout White & Fish;
200 pigs Lead;
20 bbls. Manganese;
20 " Fire Clay;

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

5,000 ACRES OF VALUABLE

Timber, Coal and Mineral Lands

FOR SALE.

Situate on the line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, in Cambria county, within a short distance of Wilmore Station. Has a frontage on the Railroad of nearly three miles. Several veins of the best quality of pure rich bituminous coal underlie the whole tract. The veins dip gently from the Railroad towards the rear of the property, thus making it favorable for mining and easily drained. There is a large market for coke and it will cost but little to manufacture it. The property contains, besides the coal, several kinds of stratified IRON ORE; also LIME STONE, Fire and Potter's clays, and stone for building and for glass manufacture. Not far beneath the best rock of the coal formation lies a valuable bed of Iron Ore, which has been opened and worked westward. A great portion of the tract is covered with valuable timber of large growth, such as Ash, Cherry, Linn, Poplar, Oak, &c. The facilities for transporting this timber, when manufactured into lumber, either east or west, are unsurpassed. There is a water power Saw Mill on the extreme east of the tract, and at the Railroad Station there is an Steam Saw Mill, recently erected and now cutting 10,000 to 12,000 feet per day. The demand for it after a thousand is constant, and a much larger supply could be readily sold at the Mill. Mill is there in addition to the timber on this property for several such mills.

The improvements on the property are worth from $40,000 to $50,000. There are large farm houses along built for former proprietors in elegant styles, a large store house, &c., &c., and about ten tenements for workmen, with stables, &c.

These lands are also well adapted to farming purposes, and under proper agricultural treatment would yield good crops, which they are specially adapted to grazing purposes.

For further particulars apply to

D. MACFERRON & CO.,
172 Fourth Street.

no30:lm96

FOR SALE—Two Lots, each 30 by 100 feet, on Wafert street, between Bedford and Webster streets, on which is erected a one and two frame house of four rooms and basement kitchen. On said lots is a well of good sanding water, a bake-oven, some grape vines, &c., which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for a small farm, within 30 to 50 miles of this city, near the line of a railroad.

Also, the best Hotel in the Borough of Indiana, the county seat of Indiana county, Pa. This is a large four story brick building, of 34 rooms and a basement under the whole house, and is situated on the corner of Philadelphia and Oxford streets, on a lot 66 by 20 feet; and on said premises is a frame house 24 by 60 feet, used as a wood house in the lower story and bill room above; also, a frame stable 60 by 60 feet; also, a barn lot, 80 by 100 feet, on which is a large frame stable, used as a livery stable. The whole property has recently been painted and repaired throughout, and is one of the best locations for a public house in Western Pa., and will be sold very cheap if applied for soon.

Also, a farm of 102 acres, at half price, to a cash customer. This farm is in Derry township, Westmoreland county, Pa., within two miles of Latrobe, a station on the Penna. R. R.; 110 acres cleared and, under good fencing, the residue 52 acres in good white oak, black oak, & Cherry black walnut and locust timber. This is a first rate farm, in a high state of cultivation, has good and comfortable buildings, a frame house of 8 rooms; large barn, 80 x 50 feet, and coal and limestone under the whole tract, and is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c.

For further particulars enquire of

C. H. TOWER,
de12 Real Estate Agent, 136 Fourth St.

2,000,000 ACRES

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS,

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

au14 St. Louis, Missouri.

WASHINGTON CO. FARM.

FOR SALE—A tract of 400 acres, of which 300 is cleared, and the remainder covered with fine white oak timber. Situated in West Finley township, Washington county, Pa., 8 miles south of West Alexander, and 6 of a Railroad from Hanaytown. Is convenient to churches and schools. There is a large house, barn, orchard and grain houses; an orchard of eight acres of young

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS,

District Court—Judge Williams.

THURSDAY, December 19.—Court met at the usual hour, ten o'clock.

In the case of Martin vs. Martin, motion by Bruce & Negley, representing Hood, Bonbright & Co., of Philadelphia, to stay execution to await action of the United States Court on a petition to declare the defendant in the execution a bankrupt—reported yesterday—the Court refused to interfere with its execution. Judge Hampton will write the opinion in the case.

John P. Gilson vs. the Ardesco Oil Company. Action to recover damages sustained by injuries received by the explosion of stills in defendants' refinery. The jury had not agreed upon a verdict at adjournment.

James Klegg and other owners of the steam tug Mary Davage vs. W. H. Brown. Action to recover on a contract for towing coal, the difference between the parties being half a cent per bushel on the coal, twenty-five dollars on the barges, and responsibility for loss and damages to barges. On trial.

Following is the trial list for this day: 141. R. Forrester & Co. vs. Jennings and White.

142. Same vs. Same.

143. H. Baldinger vs. Jeremiah Knox.

146. Jos. Patterson vs. Jos. McPherson.

148. W. W. Wallace vs. David Becket.

149. Edmund Henry vs. Windlass.

152. Robert Sterrit vs. F. Schild.

153. Th. J. Power vs. Superior Iron Co.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

THURSDAY, Dec. 19.—Court met at the usual hour, ten o'clock.

ROBBING A FRIEND.

Patrick Owens, brought from prison for trial on a charge of larceny, put in the plea of "guilty, but drunk"—for which was the argument to the jury. A verdict of guilty was rendered, the jury leaving to the Court to consider the matter of drunkenness. The prisoner, on the 4th of October last, was on a "bit of a spree" with John Riley, and in perpetrating about the only thing they stopped at a clothing store on Liberty street, yielding to the persuasion of an Israelite to "buy some clothing." Riley doffed his coat and vest, and while he (Riley) was trying on garments in the store, Owen's fingers found their way into his friend's vest pocket, and took therefrom a five dollar bill, which he was about transferring to his own pocket as officer Roger O'Mara, who had observed the movements, stepped up and arrested him. This was the whole case. Patrick was sentenced to thirty days imprisonment in the jail.

STEALING LEATHER.

Daniel O'Brien was brought from prison for trial on a charge of stealing a roll of leather, the property of J. S. Hudson, on Nov. 11th. He put in a plea of guilty and was sentenced to one year and three months imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

LUCAS, THE HORSE-THIEF.

Morris Lucas, colored, who obtained some notoriety by his escape from the county prison some time since, by assuming the name and clothing of a prisoner whose time had expired, thus to all appearances being regularly discharged, and who was recaptured a few days ago, was brought from prison for trial on a charge of horse stealing, or larceny. The indictment charges that on the 15th of July last he stole two horses, of the value of two hundred dollars, the property of Christian Holly. The jury convicted, and the prisoner was remanded, there being another case pending against him.

ROBBING A WAGON.

Frank Washington, colored, aged sixteen years, plead guilty to the larceny of a gold watch, the property of Mrs. Gen. George W. Cass. The watch was taken about the first instant, while the prisoner was engaged at work in the house of Gen. Cass, in Allegheny City, and being missed simultaneously with the disappearance of the prisoner, and it being ascertained that he had gone to Chicago and was returning early last week was arrested by telegraph at Fort Wayne, Indiana. He confessed his guilt and the watch was recovered from a colored woman at Chicago. Washington told a straight-forward story, and said it was his first offense. Previously he had many opportunities to steal, but had resisted them. In consideration of his frankness, and apparently sincere penitence, the Court sentenced him to the House of Refuge.

RESULT OF A "DRUNK."

George H. Mitchell was arraigned upon an indictment for malicious mischief, Sarah Hall, prosecutrix. The parties reside in Allegheny, in "Carson's Court." The defendant it appeared came home at an unusual hour on a Saturday night, in an intoxicated condition, and in passing through a three or four feet alley to reach his residence he encountered an obstruction in the shape of a wheelbarrow, tumbling over it. He was enraged beyond measure, and resolved to "smash" the wheelbarrow. Going into the house he procured a hatchet, ax or like weapon, and entering, as he supposed, to the object of his wrath, proceeded to demolish it. Instead of the wheelbarrow, however, he attacked the wash tub of his neighbor, Mrs. Hall, and left not a stave of it together. Mrs. Hall observed the proceeding, and on the second day after (Sunday having intervened) complained of the affair. While he said he was sorry he was not able to bear in her pecuniary circumstances, and stated that she would be satisfied if the article was replaced, the cost of which would be about a dollar and a half. The defendant refused to buy her another tub, and hence the prosecution. The point was raised whether the defendant knew that the tub in question belonged to Mrs. Hall, and whether he destroyed it out of malice toward her. The Court held that if the defendant did not know to whom the tub belonged, and there seemed to be no evidence that he did, the jury could not convict, as the charge was maliciously destroying property of the prosecutrix—having malice against the owner in the thing destroyed. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, *defendant* to pay the costs.

SELLING ON SUNDAY.

Patrick Duffy, of Robinson township, plead guilty to selling liquor on Sunday, September 1st, 1867, and was sentenced to pay a fine of thirty dollars and to undergo ten days imprisonment,

George Hoffman, residing on the road leading to McKnight, plead guilty to selling liquor on Sunday. Not sentenced.

HARNESS THIEVES.

In the cases of Jacob Lang and Jacob Hasley, indicted for stealing harness &c., from John Schleper and Otto Krebbs, Lang entered a plea of guilty. Sentence deferred. Hasley will be tried to-morrow (to-day.)

ANOTHER PLEA OF GUILTY.

John Ackey *alias* John Gougle, indicted for larceny on oath of John Baker, put in a plea of guilty. He was charged with stealing, on the 14th of October, one hundred and fifty dollars in greenbacks and five fractional pieces. Sentence deferred by request, to enable defendant to adduce proof of character.

Court adjourned at an earlier hour than usual—one o'clock—the business prepared for the day having been shortened by defendants unexpectedly pleading guilty.

Chief of Police Scott.—In noticing the argument on the motion for a new trial in the case of James Brown, convicted of highway robbery, in the Criminal Court, a few days since, we alluded to the assertion of counsel for the defense that the officer who made the arrest in his testimony sought to attach to himself credit for shrewdness, by stating that he was guided by a description given of the accused by the prosecutor, when such was not the fact. We are assured by the counsel for the prosecution that Mr. Scott, the Chief of Police, who arrested Brown, did not testify that he made the arrest on a description given of the person by the man who was robbed, and that the prosecutor was purposely not asked to describe the person who robbed him, for the very substantial reason that he (the prosecutor) at the time he was robbed was so much intoxicated as to preclude the idea of his being able to give any such description. It was not our design to reflect upon Mr. Scott, intending simply to give an outline of the argument for a new trial made by Mr. Mackrell, to which there was no reply, except by Col. Duff, the District Attorney, whose brief remarks were confined to a legal point raised. The remark "full of swearing" may not have been used by counsel, but in what was said there was certainly implied quite as much as that term conveys. No one who has known Mr. Scott as long as we have would for a moment attribute to him such baseness, as to testify to so unimportant a circumstance for the purpose of securing credit for shrewdness in police matters, or that he would under any circumstances willfully falsify.

Attempted Outrage.—Jemima McGraw, an Irish girl, made information before Alderman Taylor, charging Joseph Price, a colored man, with assault and battery with intent to commit rape. The defendant keeps an oyster saloon on Grant street opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, where it appears the defendant was employed. She alleges that on Tuesday night the defendant broke open the door of her room and attempted to outrage her person. The accused was arrested yesterday morning by officer Little and held to bail for a hearing.

Lecture.—Col. CLARK will deliver a lecture on the subject "Religion in Politics" in the Fifth street Church, corner of Washington and Wellesley streets, this evening at 7½ o'clock. We have not the least doubt but this peculiar, important and interesting subject will be handled in a masterly manner by the Reverend Colonel. Those attending will have the pleasure of hearing a good lecture for the moderate price of twenty-five cents, which is to be applied to a worthy purpose, the Sabbath School Library.

Admitted to Practice.—On motion of Thos. M. Bayne, Esq., Col. John Glenn was admitted to practice in the various Courts of this county. Col. Glenn is a young man of fine abilities, and will no doubt rank among the most promising of our young attorneys. For his success he has our best wishes.

Amusements.

MRS. LANDER.—Last night the Academy of Music was occupied by an uncommonly brilliant audience, on the occasion of the great historian's interpretation of "Mary Stuart." The audience was delighted with the rendition, and frequently gave evidence of their appreciation by storms of applause. To criticise Mrs. Lander is to praise her. She has given deep study to all the characters she attempts to portray on the stage, and with nicety and force she works out all the prominent points. To-night she appears for the first time in Pittsburgh in "Media," and in the third act of "Mary Stuart." The translation of Mollia adopted by Mrs. Lander has been embellished, and is the most attractive in the English language. She is the only fit representative of the character on the American stage, and, indeed, we cannot except Ristori, the Italian Queen of Tragedy. Her glory must fade in the rendition of this character before Mrs. Lander's keen conception and marvellous execution. As to-night will be the occasion of the benefit of the gifted representative of the histrionic art of America, we trust that she will be made to feel that she is appreciated in our city, which is proverbial for paying just homage to true worth, merit and nobility.

OPERA HOUSE.—Emily Melville, the charming little actress, had a very fair house last night and appeared to excellent advantage. She is decidedly a great favorite here and we trust to-night, the occasion of her benefit, will be embraced as a fitting opportunity for paying due recognition to her claims upon our affection and admiration by a crowded audience.

At this popular place of amusement next week we are to have the young and talented artist Miss Marietta Ravel. We can safely commend her to the public as inferior to none of her contemporaries and greatly superior to many who have presumed to attempt the peculiar range of characters she sustains. Miss Ravel has been reared from infancy by those rigid disciplinarians, the famous Ravels, who are too well known to be criticised. The management has acted wisely in engaging her, and will no doubt be amply rewarded for the judgment displayed.

Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Passenger Railroad.

An adjourned meeting of the stockholders and friends of the Federal street and Pleasant Valley Passenger Railroad was held at Mr. Gray's Hotel, Wednesday, 18th inst., at 5 P. M.

On motion of Mr. Gallagher, Mr. McCreery was elected Chairman and W. S. Taylor, Secretary.

On motion of Mr. J. Gallagher, a Committee of six was appointed to meet and confer with the Committee of Councils on the night of next week.

The following gentlemen were appointed by the Chair. Messrs. Wm. Bissel, J. Gallagher, H. J. Price, R. Gray, R. Nuttall, Milton Cramer and W. S. Taylor.

After a free interchange of opinion and remarks from Messrs. McCreery, Gallagher, Price, and others, the meeting adjourned to meet at the same place subject to the call of the permanent chairman.

From the interest manifested by those present there can be no doubt of the entire success of this important and worthy enterprise.

Larceny.

Dr. P. D. Liscomb made information before Mayor Morrison, of Allegheny, yesterday, against William McFetrick, charging him with larceny. The facts of the case are as follows: Tuesday evening last, the Doctor left his horse and buggy standing in front of his office, on Penn street, this city, while attending to some business, and when he came out a fine buffalo robe, which was in the buggy when he left it, had been taken. Subsequently the robe was found in Allegheny and identified by him as the one taken from the buggy. The gentleman in whose possession it was found said that he had purchased it from McFetrick, who was arrested and, after a hearing, committed to jail in default of the necessary bail for his appearance at Court.

Universalist Fair.

The Fair, at City Hall, last night, was a complete success. The chances in the various articles to be disposed of, were taken freely, and the voting was quite interesting. The voting for the next candidate for President was very lively, Miss Anna Dickinson leading all competitors by several votes. Mrs. Buffum, assisted by Mrs. Baber and Miss Buffum, presided at the Booth where the voting for President is done, at the small sum of five cents per vote, and this Booth will also be found the magnificent gold headed cane, which is to be awarded to the Reporter having the highest number of votes. The proceedings last night was a delightful affair. The company, although quite numerous, was select, and the union was charming. The house will be crowded to-night.

False Pretence.—Michael Matter made information before Alderman Taylor yesterday, charging Jonathan Sweitzer with obtaining board under false pretence. Matter is the proprietor of Sweitzer Hall, in the Fifth ward, where it is alleged the defendant has been boarding to the amount of twelve dollars, by false and fraudulent representations, and afterwards refused to pay for the same. He was arrested and taken before the Alderman, when the matter was amicably arranged by payment of the board bill and costs by the defendant.

Returned Home.—The gentlemen who so ably and satisfactorily represented the interests of the State and our city in the Manufacturers' National Convention at Cleveland, returned home at an early hour this morning. They were highly pleased with the proceedings of the Convention, and are hopeful that their labors have not been in vain. During their stay in Cleveland the Pittsburgh delegation visited all points of interest, and received the attention due the importance of the vast interest which they represented.

Committed for Trial.—Philip Schonegoler, who, it will be remembered, was arrested several weeks since charged with the larceny of $1200 from a basket in a buggy near Perrysville, the property of Frederick Schild, had a hearing before Mayor McCandless, Saturday, which resulted in his being held in $2,000 bail for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 19.—River falling with five feet three inches in the canal by mark. Weather misty with thermometer at 38 degs.

W. S. JACKSON.....ALEXANDER FREW

JACKSON & FREW

(Successors to LOUGHERY & FREW.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Harness, Saddlery, Trunks, &c.

And will also keep on hand and import from Eastern markets all the late patterns, styles and improvements in

Blankets, Robes, Bags and Horse Equipage,

At their new Warerooms,

No. 102 Wood Street

Sole agents for the WOODMANSEE PATENT Leather Pendulum Spring.

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO

fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, **Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET**, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.

oct1:d30

NEW

PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

au28

S. C. HAMS AND DRIED BEEF.

We will have some new choice

S. C. Hams and Dried Beef

Out of smoke and for sale on Monday, November 4th and after.

F. SELLERS & CO.,

no15: Cor. Wayne and Penn streets.

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new. se17:y30

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 65 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. se16

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE.

5 hhds. Cuba molasses;
50 bbls. Porto Rico Molasses;
30 " Boush & Edgar Syrup;
15 " Lovering's syrup;
15 " XX Drips do;
200 " Refined sugars;
25 " Sugar House sugar;
25 hhds. choice Porto Rico Sugar;
10 " " Cuba do;

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
172 and 174 Wood st.

no15:

LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality, well prepared for our sales, and warranted to give full satisfaction, for sale at 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

oc2 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MILLER'S LUBRICATING SOAPSTONE ROPE PACKING, of all sizes, at 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

oc7 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities.

Gold, Silver,

and Coupons,

bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA C. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 *BONDS OF* 1867,

Interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA C. McVAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } THURSDAY, December 19, 1867. }

Wire pulling, in the double meaning of the word, has extended even as far as the other end of the Atlantic Telegraph. For several days the cable has furnished official dispatches pretending to give true quotations of the European markets, which now prove to have been given in the interest of gold gamblers, quoting bonds low or in England to influence operators for a rise in making their purchases, and offer views. So, in consequence of lower quotations for Five Twenties in London, gold advanced again to 134 late in the afternoon. The market opened at 133½, advanced to 133¾, declined to 133⅝ and closed at 134—market strong. The volume of the business is considerably decreased, and though lower rates are expected at after January next, few have the courage to sell short at present quotations, yet holders of coupons are anxious to obtain present quotations and willingly consent to a small discount for the advance of the currency.

Bonds were firm to-day, but hostiles our advance in 1881's, the market was steady. As soon as the outstanding speculative sales are covered, the market is likely to experience a decline, partly on account of an indisposition to pay such a high premium as 6 per cent. for heavy a decline in the gold premium, and secondly, for want of funds. The purchase of the gold disbursements will require about forty millions of currency to carry that amount of specie.

The stock market is firm, with slight improvement in some of the stocks where a dividend is in prospect.

The local money market is very tight, and stocks and bank shares are apparently neglected, and to be sold by shrewd holders in anticipation of lower prices during the next season.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 134; 5-20's, 1122; 6-20s, 1862, 106¼; 1864, 1065; 1865, 106⅝; Consols, 1075; 10-40s, 101; 7-30s, 104⅝.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	88½
Merchants Union Express	38½
Western Union Telegraph	53½
Erie R. R.	70½
Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	90½
Northwestern Railroad—common	86½
Northwestern—preferred	87½
New York Central	193½
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	26½
Michigan Southern	85
Reading	93½
Quartz	1 20
Quicksilver	19

Mr. Sherman's new financial bill provides for the issue of a six per cent. bond redeemable in not less than 10 or more than 40 years, one per cent. to be reserved in lieu of all taxation, and of that one half to be distributed pro rata among the States, the other half to remain in the Treasury. There is also to be a 5 per cent. sterling bond, to be negotiable in Frankfort or London. Another provision makes $400 000,000 convertible from bonds into greenbacks, or from greenbacks into bonds, at any time.

—In speaking about the cotton crop, the Vicksburg (Miss.) correspondent of the Milwaukee *Sentinel*, of a late date, remarks:

The yield will be too small for the planters' profit. It won't pay expenses. Every such crop is a loss, and every year one or more have been such. Planters have become more poorer with every successive attempt to mitigate the poverty that cause so many failures. The destruction incident to war. How much longer they can stand it is a distressing problem. These successive years of failure may well excuse some heart-sickness at the prospect. The cotton crop is the only one for sking. Dependence on it is a broken reed to lean upon. It is the only crop that brings money to the country. It shall the planters then die? The bottom falls out of the great industry of the State. Fail in this, and it reverses to the planters in the cheapening of the price of land. As misfortune diminishes the value of land, the more easily it value goes down, and it becomes easier for the negroes to get a little for their own use.

There is no denying the fact that cotton cultivation has been an unprofitable business under the present tax system, but especially is this true of this year's crop, in consequence of violent decline in prices more recently.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Wednesday, says: There is a good deal of inquiry from parties who have indifferent securities or no securities at all, but on short time, or short time, with Government collateral, there is an abundant supply at 6 per cent., and at 7 per cent. on ordinary commercial. The banks will not loan on bills such as does no pass current at bank, rules on the street at 8 to 10 per cent. Accommodation paper ruling 9 to 11 points from 10 to 2 per cent. a month. The banks are in want of first-class bills arising out of current sales of goods. Unfortunately for business there is little of that description of paper making now. Some apprehension that the Pittsburgh delegation visited all points of interest, and received the attention due the importance of the vast interest which they represented.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best (Nathan's, of Cincinnati) or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil, constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. oct9

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Committed for Trial.—Philip Schonegoler, who, it will be remembered, was arrested several weeks since charged with the larceny of $1200 from a basket in a buggy near Perrysville, the property of Frederick Schild, had a hearing before Mayor McCandless, Saturday, which resulted in his being held in $2,000 bail for his appearance at Court, in default of which he was committed to jail.

River Items.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 19.—River falling with five feet three inches in the canal by mark. Weather misty with thermometer at 38 degs.

JACKSON & FREW

(Successors to LOUGHERY & FREW.)

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Harness, Saddlery, Trunks, &c.

And will also keep on hand and import from Eastern markets all the late patterns, styles and improvements in

Blankets, Robes, Bags and Horse Equipage,

At their new Warerooms,

No. 102 Wood Street

Sole agents for the WOODMANSEE PATENT Leather Pendulum Spring.

HAZARD POWDER.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO

fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of

HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER

All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, **Nos. 172 and 174 FEDERAL STREET**, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

ARTHUR KIRK.

oct1:d30

NEW

PAPER HANGINGS,

NOW RECEIVING, IN GREAT VARIETY, AT

No. 107 Market Street.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

au28

S. C. HAMS AND DRIED BEEF.

We will have some new choice

S. C. Hams and Dried Beef

Out of smoke and for sale on Monday, November 4th and after.

F. SELLERS & CO.,

no15: Cor. Wayne and Penn streets.

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new. se17:y30

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

No. 65 Smithfield Street.

Real Estate bought and sold. se16

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE.

5 hhds. Cuba molasses;
50 bbls. Porto Rico Molasses;
30 " Boush & Edgar Syrup;
15 " Lovering's syrup;
15 " XX Drips do;
200 " Refined sugars;
25 " Sugar House sugar;
25 hhds. choice Porto Rico Sugar;
10 " " Cuba do;

SCHOMAKER & LANG,
172 and 174 Wood st.

no15:

LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality, well prepared for our sales, and warranted to give full satisfaction, for sale at 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

oc2 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

MILLER'S LUBRICATING SOAPSTONE ROPE PACKING, of all sizes, at 36 and 38 St. Clair street.

oc7 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities.

Gold, Silver,

and Coupons,

bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the

SECOND AND THIRD SERIES 7-30's

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

IRA C. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets.

We will give holders of JUNE AND JULY SEVEN-THIRTIES the interest at 7 3-10 per cent. to January 1st, and give them in exchange

5-20 *BONDS OF* 1867,

Interest IN GOLD at 6 per cent. from that date.

IRA C. McVAY & CO.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 134.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 19, 1867.

Money is easy and steady at 6@7 per cent. for call loans. Government is now paying the interest at on 7-30 notes, and also reducing December compound notes and the January dividends will further increase the amount of money available on call. Sterling is quiet at 109½, sold for first class bills. Gold is a shade high er, opening at 133¾, declining at 133⅞ and cl osing at 134.

GOVERNMENT

Stocks are firm with a fair business: Coupons '81, 112½@112¾; do '62, 106½@106⅝; do '64, 105⅝@105⅞; do '65, 105¾@106; do new, 108@108⅛; do '67, 106⅛@106⅜; 10-40s, 100⅝@101⅝; 7-30s, 104⅛@105¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks active and firm most of the day, but closed somewhat lower and heavy. Canton 87½@88¾; Cumberland 27½@28; Wells Expr ss 51; American 56½; Adams 77¾@77¾; United States 77¼@77¾; Merchant's Union Express 37½; Quicksilver 20¾@20¾; Mariposa 21@22; Pacific Mail 117¾@117¾; Atlantic 114@117½; Western Union 78¾@79; New York Central 192½@192¾; Erie 70¾@71; Reading 93¾@94; Union Certificates 89¾@89¾; Wabash 40¾@41¼; St. Paul 45@45½; do preferred 69¼@69¾; Michigan Central 112¾@113; Michigan Southern 85¾@85⅞; Illinois Central 129@129¾; Pittsburgh 84¾@85; Toledo 101½@101⅝; Rock Island 91¾@92¾; Northwestern 69@69¾; do preferred 76¾@77; Fort Wayne 87½; Missouris 97¾; Old Tennessee 65¼; New do 62¾.

MINING SHARES.

Mining Shares dull and lower: Quartz Hill 115; Smith & Parmelee 230; Davidson 55; Harman 300; Gordon 8.

SUB TREASURY

Receipts, $2,482,980; payments, $1,284,091; balance, $103,550,109.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 19.—Cotton is rather more active for export, but prices are lower at 15½@16c for middling uplands—chiefly 15¾c. Flour receipts of 7,275 barrels; the market is dull and 5@10c lower, with sales of 4,300 barrels at $8.50@9.10 for superfine State and Western; $9.20@10.75 for extra State, $9.50@12.15 for extra western, and $12.20@13.50 for white wheat extra, $9.90@11 for R. H. O., $11@12 for common to good St. Louis, $12@16 for good to choice extra do, closing quiet; California dull and heavy, with sales of 200 sacks at $12.25@12.50 for extra. Rye flour is dull at 150 bbls at $7.50@9.40. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat; no receipts; nominally 1 @2c lower, with sales of 50 bus white Canada at $3.10. Rye scarce and firmer, with sales of 2,000 bus western at $1.77. Barley still tends upward; sales of 16,000 bus at $1.90 for Canada West, at the railroad depot, $1.85 for two-rowed State, and $1.95 for western in store. Barley Malt dull and 1@2c lower, closing a little more steady; sales of 43,000 bus at $1.75@1.80 for Canada West, and $1.80@1.90 for State. Oats heavy and 1@2c lower; sales of 60,000 bus at 80@90c for western in store. Barley Malt dull and 1@2c lower, closing a little more steady; sales of 43,000 bus at $1.75@1.80 for Canada West, and $1.80@1.90 for State. Oats heavy and 1@2c lower; sales of 60,000 bus at 80@90c for western in store. Barley is in limited supply and sells readily at $1.05@1.05. Rye is dull and cannot be quoted above $1.25@1.40. Corn is steady with sales at $1@1.18 for old, and $1.90 @1.05 for new. Oats dull but unchanged at 66@67c for Jersey, and 70@72½ for in store.

FLOUR—The Flour market is quiet and a little dull, but prices are nominally unchanged. We can report sales at $10@10.40 for common Spring, and $10.75@11 for prime to fancy do; $12 @12.50 for Winter Wheat, and $14@15 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $6.50 per bbl, and Buckwheat, $4.25@5.50 per cwt.

MILL FEED—Quiet and unchanged; sales of Bran at $1.60@1.65; Seconds at $1.75@2.00, and Middlings at $2.25.

APPLES—There is a fair local demand, and the market is steady, and prices are well sustained, ranging from $7@8 per barrel for good to choice.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues dull but unchanged; small sales at 12@c for Apples, and 11@12½c for Peaches.

POTATOES—Continue steady, with a fair demand but unchanged; prime Peach Blows may be quoted in store at $3.25@3.30 per bbl, and $1.05@1.10 per bushel.

BUTTER—Prime to choice Roll Butter is in good demand and sells readily at 38@40c.

EGGS—Demand fair and market steady at 34@35c for fresh packed.

HAY—Is firm and in steady demand but unchanged; may be quoted at at $18@24 per ton, as to quality.

BEANS—Dull, in good supply and drooping; we now quote at at $3@3.25.

DRESSED HOGS—Firm and in demand but unchanged at $8@8½c for fair to good averages.

LARD—Is quoted at 13½@14c.

CRANBERRIES—Sales at $12@13 for cultivated.

LARD OIL—Is quoted by manufacturers at $2@2c for No. 2, and $1.10@1.12 for No. 1.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 19.—Although the market continues active, there is still a moderate inquiry for staple styles of cotton and woolen goods, suitable to the season, at prices showing but slight changes. The Wamsutta prints are reduced to 9c, which is about the only noticeable alteration in calico, and all the standard makes of prints are unsteady, but in moderate request at 12½c for fancy styles. Heavy sheetings are in light supply, and are held with increased firmness at 14½c for Stark A, 13c for Amoskeag, and 15½c for Indian Head and Atlantic A. Brown Canton flannels are also in light supply and firm and brown drills, which bring 16½c for desirable makes. Bags are in fair request for the season, Manchester being held in the close at 26c, Amoskeag command 28c, and Stark 33c per set. Woolen goods, in general, meet only with indifferent sales at very unprofitable rates. It is now an established fact that the delaine mills have been running their machinery through the season at very great losses.

Cincinnati Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 19.—Beef Cattle unchanged and dull, at $4@6.50, gross, for common choice. Sheep steady.

Cincinnati Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 19.—Flour is not lower; family $11@12. Wheat nominally unchanged; No. 1 red held at $2.60, but $2.55 is the highest bid; amber $2.75@2.80; white at $2.80@c for new ear. Oats firm at 90c. Rye firmer; No. 1 $1.00. Cotton firm, at 14c for middling. Provisions firmer and prices unchanged; lower; sales of 60 tinds and 32 bbls at previous prices. Whisky in moderate demand, and 1@2c higher; sales firmer and 1@2c higher at the close; sales of 1,200 bbls at previous prices. Provisions generally firmer. Mess Pork held at $21 for old and new. Bulk Meats 8½@10c. Bacon firmer; shoulders at 12½@13c; clear sides 15@ 15c. Green Meats; 9½@9c for shoulders; 9½ @9c for sides, and 11@11½c for hams, with only a moderate inquiry. Lard firmer and in good demand for Land at 12c, but it was held at 12½@12¾c; steam lard 12½@12¾c. Butter in fair demand and firm. Cheese in good demand and firm at 12½@13c. Eggs unchanged and firm at 30c. Whisky and Potatoes steady. Clover Seed firm at 12½@13c. Timothy and Flax unchanged and dull. Hogs active and firmer; sales at $7.75@ 8. Receipts, 4,000 head; sales 3,000 head at 7½@7¾c for Heavy, and 7¾@8c for dressed.

Cleveland Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, December 19.—Flour; double